Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

Republican State Ticket.

FOR STATE TREASURER,

MATTHEW S. QUAY.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

TILDEN will read Cleveland out of the party.

THE Prohibition campaign in Ohio is paid for by the Democrats.

LAST week will become historic for having witnessed Courtney win a race.

SEPTEMBER 4th is the last day for the registry of voters. Republicans, give this immediate attention.

IF Blaine and Logan will help in the Ohio campaign the only question will be the size of the Republican majority in that State.

POOR Cleveland! We sympathise with him. He wants to do right, he says, but his advisers impose on him—take advantage of his ignorance.

GET registered now. September 4th is the last day. Newly naturalized citizens and voters on age last year cannot vote unless registered.

SIR CHARLES DILKE has been endorsed by his constituents in spite of the scandal. It will take time, however, to show whether this is vindication or condonation.

THAT Conrad B. Day will be a cold one for the Democracy, and don't you forget it. He will be no day of grace for the party that bumped up against 81,000 Republican majority

AN eminent physician says a man should never run after reaching the age of 40. We have no doubt, however, that Mr. Hendricks will consent to run at 75 if they will only give him the nomination.

VERY well, if old Mr. Tilden wants to quarrel with the Administration, let him do so. But he won't get any of the pie. That is all for the good boys who keep their tempers and say "please, sir."

THERE is still a good deal of confusion in the whisky trade—owing, it may be, to the abundance of whisky. Too much of that commodity generally provokes confusion in the best regulated families.

STORIES of General Grant come floating on every breeze from all parts of the Union, attesting the greatness of the man the Nation still mourns and whose name the American people will revere forevermore.

THE New York State Fair is to be held at Albany this year and promises to be one of the most successful of the long series. The *Albany Express* states that the list of entries exceeds that of last year—which was exceptionally large—by over 200.

IT is to be hoped that the elopement of a woman of Terre Haute with a jockey will not set the fashion in that direction; at least until the racing season is over. What would sporting gentlemen do for amusement were the eloping epidemic suddenly to sweep the field of jockeys?

BROTHER HENDRICKS protests that he is not responsible for the errors committed by President Cleveland. This is correct. The Administration is a limited copartnership, in which the Vice President has nothing to do but keep the flies off the glassware and growl at the head of the firm.

THE Democratic party is the friend of the workingman, isn't it? It deliberately closed John Roach's shipbuilding establishment, depriving hundreds of men of the means of earning a livelihood. So far as our knowledge extends, no high-priced official salaries have been reduced.

The Ohio Democracy.

The renomination of Governor Hoadly, says the Pittsburg *Commercial*, was effected with a great show of unanimity, but it must not be inferred from this that his candidacy will be as acceptable to the masses of the party as it was seemingly to the members of the convention. There was such a preponderance of delegates in Hoadly's favor that his renomination was a foregone conclusion; and, aside from this, there was no one bold enough to lead and concentrate the opposition which was everywhere apparent throughout the State. It has been understood for weeks that to fight against Hoadly was to make war upon the National Administration, and that attitude no leading Democrat was willing to assume. The time for protesting against Hoadly's nomination will be at the polls in October next.

The platform has nothing to commend it above the ordinary Democratic professions and pledges. There is the usual amount of clap-trap, of course. To assume that the "wise administration that has followed" Cleveland's inauguration has "dispelled the illusion that Democratic success is inconsistent with business interests of the country," is to border closely on the ridiculous Then we have the adsurd declara- that "the revival of prosperity and the increase in the value of property, already begun, demonstrate the beneficence of Democratic principles even before any session of Congress has enabled the country to realize the full fruition of their application by legislation." The country will largely discount the assertion that there has really been "a revival of prosperity" as the result of the incoming of a Democratic Administration, and with much greater caution will it accept the promise that the boom will be fairly on when a Democratic Congress gets to work.

The indorsement of the Administration is vague and perfunctory, but it will serve the purpose. There are the old declarations against sumptuary legislation and in favor of regulating the liquor traffic by a high-license system. This will please the Prohibitionists, while the assertion that the Democratic party has always been the party of the people and of the agricultural and wool growing interests, will amuse the workingmen and farmers. They will be better able to judge at the close of the next Congress just how far the Democratic party is the "friend of labor," and just how "safe the interest of the workingmen" have been "in its hands." The time to boast, if it ever comes will be when the party has achieved something—when it has redeemed some of the many pledges it has made to the laborer, the mechanic, the farmer and the man of business.

THE New York *Tribune* remarks with almost infantile ingenuousness that "there ought to be no serious difficulty in the way of raising $1,000,000 for a national memorial to General Grant. That is the sum which the General Committee having the matter in charge has set out to raise; and it is a work which every citizen of New York and of the whole country should take pride in assisting." The New York subscription is now about $46,000—a small sum for a city of millionaires, who, let us hope, will be moved by the gentle appeal of the *Tribune*. The country is firmly convinced that New York could and should raise a million dollars for the Riverside Park memorial.

THE pardon of Mullen, the Cincinnati officer who put a large number of colored men in jail so that they could not vote last October, is conceded by the Springfield *Republican*, the noblest of the Mugwump organs, to be "one of the gravest of the President's mistakes."

SPAIN has lost some 60,000 inhabitants by cholera in five weeks.

Some Points from Judge Orvis' Speech.

The speech made by Judge Orvis at the anti-transfer Railroad meeting on Thursday night was brimful of truth. Among many others, he made the following points:

The question of how to restrain corporate power has been discussed for 700 years. As long ago as the year 1200 it was a question in England. Not railroad corporations, of course, but those of another kind.

The difficulty is that a corporation never dies and never divides anything among its heirs.

This country stands in no danger because of individuals amassing great sums of money, because they live but a few years to enjoy and make use of it.

If any corporation acquires lands without, authority it will revert by escheat to the Commonwealth.

A railroad that acquires by purchase or otherwise any parallel line does so in opposition to law.

One hundred years ago railroads were unnecessary, because the demand for transportation facilities was not so great.

Now, however, they are indispensable. But, because indispensable, it is not necessary to permit them to act unlawfully. Not one of the shares transferred could be represented in future meetings of the stockholders.

Each merchant would be glad if he could be the only merchant in the town, and if the Judge was the only lawyer in Bellefonte people would have to pay well for advice. In the same way it is natural that one railroad is anxious to monopolize the carrying trade.

The State created the Pennsylvania road and gave it a liberal charter. A separate railroad was built from Sunbury to Erie, but it was soon under control of the Pennsylvania under a 999 years lease.

People living in the southern part of Centre county gave $400,000 toward a railroad, and before the first mile was completed it was in the hands of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

There never came together men of greater wisdom and learning than the 133 who composed Pennsylvania's Constitutional convention which forbade so strongly this form of monopoly.

That the B. C., C. & S. W. railroad and the Pennsylvania are parallel lines is shown by the fact that they come together at Clearfield, Philipsburg, Snow Shoe and many other places.

THE proceedings of the Democratic Convention at Columbus Thursday were so thoroughly and monotonously harmonious as to resemble a session of a Mutual Admiration Society. Governor Hoadly was renominated by acclamation and considering his previous coyness he seemed to be much tickled at the honor. The principal features in the platform were the endorsement of the National Administration and the suggestion that the sale of liquors should be regulated by license and not be prohibited. This latter plank can hardly please the Prohibitionists, who are just now in further trouble owing to the circulation of the report that Dr. Leonard, their candidate, once drank stock ale as a remedy for dyspepsia. The charge may be a campaign lie, but it is being repeated as if true.

FEARS are expressed again that the vault accommodations at Washington will not suffice to hold the accumulations of silver coins if the increase keeps on as it has of late. Inasmuch as there is a net cash balance in the Treasury of $44,000,000 and over, and far more than that amount of bonds due, wouldn't it be a good scheme to pay that much of the bonded debt, and make room for, say, twenty months' more coinage? Anyway, we hope Mr. Manning will not continue to hoard the funds until he bursts the vaults.

THE Mississippi Democrats nominated W. L. Henring for State Treasurer and W. W. Storm for auditor.

Harmony in Politics.

Politicians just now make much of harmony. If a county, State or National convention is harmonious it is counted for a great deal. But to our mind there is nothing more dangerous or delusive than harmony. We would much rather see the members of a convention have differences of opinion and express them, for when there are no differences of opinion we are inclined to believe it betokens a conspiracy to cheat and deceive the people. Nothing has at any time been more harmonious than the late Democratic county convention. Everybody knows that previous to the convention the Meek and Bible factions of Democracy were at sword's point. But in time they agreed to temporarily settle their differences and with a show of harmony deceived the people, thus making sure of the spoils of office. We advise the taxpayers of this county to watch the Court House ring carefully. Why should not the salaries of the officials be reduced in this time of financial stringency? The tax-payers must economise, but these gentlemen can go on drawing large salaries and living in a style of great elegance. None of them reputed to be rich, yet they can build new houses on the most fashionable thoroughfares and spend money like millionaires. Watch them—and, while we would make no charges against them, we would suggest to the people the advisability of changing the partizan control of the offices once in awhile, just to infuse some Republican honesty and purity into them.

But we have wondered off somewhat from the subject of harmony in politics. Our readers can, however, depend upon it that where there is very much of this beautiful, delusive harmony, there is generally plenty of rascality. Where there is discussion, there is greater honesty of opinion.

DAY brings the light. The darkness and gloom of our Democratic friends in Pennsylvania is slowly receiving a few faint gleams of light over the prospect that Mr. Conrad B. Day, of Philadelphia, will receive the nomination for State Treasurer. He seems to be a somewhat respectable sort of a man, but the question is, will he be willing to be the standard bearer of Democracy this fall? It is hard to lead an army of Free Traders just now when every workingman knows that Democratic free trade is ruining the country. The difficulty is increased by the fact that the present Democratic executive spent hundreds of thousands for an extra session of the legislature which did nothing. Perhaps with a Democratic treasurer money might be spent even more freely. Mr. Day will do well to conclude to remain a private citizen a few years longer, for that's what he will have to do anyway.

ONE of the greatest evils is to be deprived of sleep and yet the people of Bishop street complain that they often must submit to this deprivation. Every night the dogs howl and hold a regular chorus on that street and the people, at best, can indulge in only disturbed slumbers. In Altoona, it is said, that the owners of canines are compelled to purchase checks for their dogs. The checks range in price from $1 to $2 and one must be attached to each canine, or summary punishment to the dog will be the result. Some such expedient should be resorted to in Bellefonte.

A YOUTH of nineteen eloped with a woman of forty-five, who left six children and a husband behind her. And yet the immortal William once remarked that "crabbed age and youth cannot live together." In vindication of the genius of Shakespeare, be it said, however, that he never pretended to the gift of prophesy and that he therefore could not foresee what strange sensations in divorces and elopements the Nineteenth Century would bring to pass.

"Let us Help Them."

The authorities to whom was submitted the question, decided that the confederates are welcome to erect what tablets and memorials they please on the battle field of Gettysburg. "Yes," said Gen. Beaver in a recent speech at that place; "when they come for that purpose let us help them." No nobler sentiment than that was ever spoken. It expresses the full and free forgiveness of a true soldier.

But let not our Democratic friends who do not seem able to weigh a noble sentiment at its true value, take too much or a wrong meaning from such expressions. Every loyal northern man is willing to take his southern brother to his arms and treat him with true forgiveness, as if he had never rebelled. But a northern man will not submit to abuses and tyranny at his own home; neither will he permit the southern man to pursue his peculiar political methods. There must be that same purity and fairness at the southern ballot box that is required in the North.

To forgive a transgression commit ted long ago is quite different from the condoning of present evils. We will help them do good, but will do all we can against their evil practices.

A GOOD deal of chaff has been thrown at the women in various quarters for making heroes and recipients of flowers and compliments of murderers; but perhaps, there is no instance extant to match the adulation bestowed upon the murderer of Preller, who packed his victim in a trunk in a St. Louis hotel, and made tracks for the antipodes. The mayor and council of St. Louis, the secretary of the State of Missouri, four or five clergymen, twenty-four women are given as the attendants at his levee is one day. The more cruel the criminal and outrageous his methods the more it arouses the sympathies of the esthetics.

IN view of the earnest desire among the members of trades unions for an extra session of Congress to consider the industrial problem, it has been suggested that Congress should devote at least half of their time to the public business. Congressmen are paid $5,000 a year, and that ought to be adequate compensation for at least six months' services. But the danger would be that extending the time of the sessions would only increase the possibilities for doing things that ought not to be done, with no better progress made towards attending to those matters that really need attention.

IT is at least a strange coincidence, in view of the hearty support accorded Mr. Blaine, by the Irish Americans, that Mr. Roach, one of the most prominent of that worthy class of citizens and a leading exponent of protective views, should so soon fall beneath the ban of the administration's displeasure.—*Erie Dispatch.*

A NEW form of abuse is now aimed at Col. Quay, the Republican candidate for State Treasurer. It is to denounce him as *"the incarnation of all that fell in the downfall of Blaine."* This is the language of Congressman Ermentrout before the Berks County Convention. Republicans will accept the issue as stated, and recall the fact when Quay is elected.

TIMES are so hard that poor men cannot spend even a cent for recreation, but Cleveland can spend several weeks and a large sum of money catching fish in the Adirondacks. He should go back to Washington and see what he can do to make times better.

IT looks to us as if Uncle Sam Randall, ex-Gov. Curtin and W. U. Hensel have all gone over to Free Trade. The sooner they go the better, as we would like to see the parties divided on the question of Free Trade and Protection.

GEN. LOGAN believes that the battle ground of politics for the next three years will be United States Senate.

GENERAL NOTES.

"Liquid gunpowder" is the latest invention.

Charles Dickens is to have a monument at Gad's Hill.

Gen. Horace Boughton is dangerously ill in Washington.

Pierre Lorillard paid $18,000 for the dogs in his Jersey kennels.

Sarah Bernhardt has just turned 45 years and, 'tis said, she looks it.

Amethysts and pink camoes are the fashionable fine stones of the season.

Wild woodcock have been seen in the parks in the very heart of London.

Scientific inquiry is being made into the medical virtues of dogs' tongues.

Among Princess Beatrice's 300 dresses there are several Mother Hubbards.

In many eyes the pink blossom of the crepe myrtle is the daintiest flower in bloom.

Los Angeles, Cal., has a watermelon weighing 178 pounds, which is to be sent to London.

A gavel in use at San Francisco was made of wood from the Kearsarge and Jeannette.

August is as gay and crowded at the chief watering places as July was dull and sparse.

A new wax of value has been found in the bark of the ocotilla, a thorny plant of Mexico.

The children of Queen Victoria now take $60,000 a year from the purse of the British people.

Two tons of gold, worth $1,400,000, are lost every year from the wear and tear of commerce and personal use.

Ninety out of every hundred predictions made by the French weather Bureau last year proved true to a dot.

A Canadian clergyman recently preached five hours on a stretch to a congregation, which patiently endured it.

It is said that Beaconsfield had Sir Charles Dilke in his eye when he drew the character of *Waldershare* in "Endymion."

Scrap iron shipped from Portland, Ore., to Hong Kong, is turned into little razors with which the Chinese shave their scalps.

Hog-cholera has again broken out near Tuscola, Ill, and within a few days large numbers of hogs have died from the disease.

A little blasting and hewing in a rocky precipice at Coulter, Col., have produced an immense semblance of a very bland human face.

A suggestion for the endowment of the Harvard Annex as a memorial institution under the name of Longfellow College is received with favor.

A bank note in colors will be issued shortly by the Bank of Scotland. The colors are put in so that no counterfeiter can call photography to his aid.

A cherry red bicycle suit worn by the son of a millionaire banker attracts much attention at Long Branch. "See the flaming flaminggo go!" is the cry.

The Quaker City people will note with interest that 8000 persons attended the Quaker picnic at Coutant's Grove, in Ulster county, N. Y., on Thursday.

A man of Baltimore drives four horses tandem, the wheeler being tremendously big, the next of moderate size, then a small one, and the leader a pony.

Horace Porter in "Harper's Monthly" for September says: An oath never passed Grant's lips: His nearest approach to an imprecation was "Confound it." He himself said: "I never learned to swear."

It is reported by the Philadelphia *Press* that the novelist Crawford has a very flexible baritone voice, and justice also demands us to state that he is a big man, weighing 250 pounds or thereabouts, and good, of course.

Gambling in Chicago is at last suppressed. So say the mayor and the chief of police. So indeed it appears to be. The gamblers act as though they deemed the authorities in earnest, and are giving up their leases, selling their furniture, and quitting the city.

The richest, rosiest peach, as big as an orange and with pulp nearly as yellow, now to be had is of the Crawford's Early stock. It is found all over the Delaware peninsula, and is esteemed by ever so many people, down that way as elsewhere, the peach par excellence.

A man in Kansas takes pride in the ballot cast by him for Grant electors in 1868. The ballot was printed on silk. It was kept on file in the office of the county clerk for some time, as the law required, and then was regained by the voter, who is to hand it down as an heirloom to his children.

The population of London in 1881 was 4,764,312, the increase since 1871 having been 22.6 per cent. There are now every week almost twice as many births as deaths, to say nothing of the immigration. One would, therefore, not be far out of the way in declaring that there are in London 5,000,000 inhabitants.

Poetry.

SONG OF THE DRY GOODS CLERK

He leaned 'gainst the high piled shelves,
And his eyes were heavy and red,
His arms were rigid, his fingers were numb,
And light and dizzy his head;
And he sang his song thro' the evening long,
Until most of us were in bed:

"Oh, for the evening air,
And a sight of the setting sun
To strengthen the nerve and brighten the eye,
When my tedious day is done!
And a little play, each Saturday,
When my hard-earned wage is won!

"Well for the hard working man,
Tho' his hands have horny grown,
He has the wealth of vigor and health,
And the strength of muscle and bone.
He feels as free as the wind on the sea,
When he calls his evening his own.

"Well for the volunteer,
When his hard campaign is o'er,
For now he can rest on his laurels green,
And think of his toils no more.
For the boxed up clerk it is constant war,
And 'prisonment sad and sore!

"O ladies, tender and true,
O sisters, fresh and fair,
Some pity own for us, haggard grown,
And give us the evening air!
We wait all day, till strength ebbs away,
On ye who have time to spare!

"Oh, for the evening air,
And a sight of the setting sun,
To strenghten the nerve and brighten the eye,
When my tedious day is done!
And and au rest on the Sabbath blest,
Instead of a worn-out one!"

—*Montreal Star.*

SIC TRANSIT.

When shall I my darling wed?
Softly to my love I said,
When the violets sweet were blowing,
Like her blue eyes gently glowing,
And the wintry winds had fled;
Lowly did she make reply,
'When the swallows homeward fly."

Summer, with her gorgeous train,
Swept the violets from the plain;
Lilies gracefully were bending,
Roses sweet their perfume sending
On the June time air again;
Still she answered lovingly,
"When the swallows homeward fly."

Glorious autumn, clothed in gold,
Decked the woodland and the wold;
But my heart—my heart is sighing,
For the swallows homeward flying
Brought a presence grim and cold;
For my love with eyes of blue,
Homeward with the swallows flew.

Now a spectre grimly stands,
Beck'ning me with outstretched hands;
Cold the snow is drifting, drifting,
O'er a new-made grave is sifting,
Binds my heart in icy bands;
Never from that icy chain
Will my heart be free again.

—*Eugene Clay Ferguson in Galveston News.*

THE SEVENTEEN-YEAR LOCUST.

The seventeen-year locust is
A harmless little bug;
There's nothing frightful in his phiz,
No danger in his hug.

The etomologists declare
He never touches rye,
Nor wheat, nor corn, but feeds on air,
And only lives to die.

He likes to show his slender shape,
And toot his tiny tune,
While curious crowds all stand agape
To hear the creature croon.

The gourmand greets him with delight,
And says he's got to eat;
Though not attractive to the sight,
To taste he's quite a treat.

Now as he leans against a tree
And puts on lots of "lugs,"
The little locust seems to be
The dude of buzzing bugs.

Our Story Teller.

A Genuine Irish Jig.

A YANKEE EDITOR'S VISIT TO HIS SERVANT-GIRL'S MOTHER IN IRELAND.

Correspondence of Rockland Courier-Gazette.

"Can you direct me to Mrs. Kelleher's?" I said, accosting a bare armed woman who had just picked up a bundle of baby that had rolled out of an open door.

"Right beyont, sir," she cheerfully responded, unceremoniously tucking the baby under one arm, that she might more freely point with the other.

On the corner of two streets, opposite a public pump, stood a small two story structure built of stone, of course, and plastered over with mortar of yellow hue. Above the door appeared the name we were searching for. We pushed into a low, small shop whose stock-in-trade consisted of baker's bread, milk and other stomachic necessities, to which was added the dispensing of such liquors as the thirsty population might require and pay for. Behind a sort of bar were congregated a number of men and women whom I took to be friends of the house, and one of these, a stout proportioned lady with her hair very closely combed about her head, stepped forward and wanted to know what we would have.

"Is this Mrs. Kelleher?" I asked.

(Instant attention on the part of the people behind the bar.)

"It is sir," she replied respectfully.

"Well," I continued, "can I find Mrs. Mahoney here?"

(Attention of people behind the bar visibly increasing).

"You cannot, sir," was the reply in rather less brogue than we had yet encountered.

"Mrs. Manny," (the old-country pronounciation of Mahoney), "who is me cousin, sir, is not living here now, but at Mr. Jones', the Constable's; an' a dacent place it is, too. Would ye be after wanting to see her, sir?"

"Very much," I said.

(The people behind the bar getting almost too impatient to wait, a bare-headed woman starts forward.)

"Plase, sir," the bare-headed woman exclaimed, "I can run and fetch her."

"In how long a time?"

"Oh, sir, not above five minutes, jist."

"All right," I said, "start along and tell her that a gentleman from America wants to see her who comes direct from her daughter Norah."

"What!" the woman screamed, while her eyes stood straight out from her head; "from Norah Manny?"

"Aye."

"Then sure, she exclaimed, while her face stretched and gleamed with joy, "it's meself that won't be gone a jiffy."

And with that she was off like a shot, while the people behind the bar had by this time fairly exploded with excitement. As we started out the door the proprietress hailed us loudly.

"Hould on, gentlemen, hould on!" she called while she made speed to get through the little half-door leading behind the bar, and for which she was a very snug fit.

"She's going to hug you," whispered the Judge as we stopped; and faith I thought she was; but she stopped on the very verge of that demonstration and fervently ejaculated:

"An' sure, ye don't mean to say that Norah is afther living at service with yez own blessed self?"

"She certainly is," I replied with a North American smile.

"The likes of that!" she cried, looking alternately from me to the now completely petrified observers behind the bar. "Well, it's right glad her mother'll be to meet yez!"

Hereupon, after several interchanges of like remarks, the Judge and I passed out, promising to return directly, which promise, after a short walk along the narrow, crooked streets, we fulfilled. A fine-looking old lady—in a white cap and the prevailing black cape and hood—met us at the shop door.

She was trembling violently with emotion, and as she was introduced as Norah's mother and we shook hands she burst into tears. I fail utterly in bringing the scene before you—the curious little shop, the interested and sympathizing knot of Irish people in the background and here the Judge and I and this old woman, handsome still in spite of her years of struggling toil, quite broken down at this unexpected meeting with one so short a time from her girl beyond the sea. It was not a scene to be easily described; far less could it be lightly treated, for the element of pathos too largely predominated.

The bustling Mrs. Kelleher, with great thoughtfulness, invited us at once to ascend a pair of winding stairs to the best room above, and here she read aloud to the still weeping woman the letter I had brought, dwelling unctuously, with utter disregard of my embarassment, upon the personal encomiums with which it abounded.

"An' now gentlemen," said the beaming hostess after these personal matters had been fully discussed, "what will yez be pleased to take?"

We murmured, with a deprecatory shake of the head, that as representatives of the good old State of Maine it would hardly become us to accept of any in the way of bibulous hospitality. But such an occasion as this was not to be too lightly passed over, and even if we didn't care for beer there were others present who did, so on descending to a large room below everybody was invited to drink to the health of the two American gentlemen.

So, with a shout and a vast deal of bustling and confusion, the company disposed themselves about on benches and stools, and royal bumpers of beer were ordered in amid great hilarity.

"Your health, gentlemen, an' God bless yez!" heartily cried the hostess, and with loud acclamations the toast was drank, while the Judge and I bowed our acknowledgments courteously.

At this juncture a singular-looking individual, hugging a bagpipe of seedy appearance under his arm, tottered in at the open door and hobbled slowly across the uneven floor.

"It's Blind Jerry, the piper," whispered a woman who sat on the bench next to the Judge.

"An' it's noble gintlemin yez is, I am certain of," the blind piper ejaculated as he ambled past and sought out a stool; "noble gintlemin both, all the way from America as yez is; an' here's yez health an' God's blessing on yez!"

As we both turned to curiously regard this singular accession to our number the women next the Judge intimated with many a nod and wink that Mrs. Kelleher could turn a reel with the best of them. The Judge imparting this valuable information to me, I promptly called for a display, then and there, of that lady's terpsichorean accomplishments.

"Ah, be off wid ye, Mrs. Fitzgerald, for suggestin' it!" Mrs. Kelleher reproachfully said. "Why, I haven't flung a step this ten year, an' it's not for me, old as I am and a hundred and eighty pounds, to be dancin'!"

But Mrs. Mahoney informing us in an undertone that Mrs. Kelleher had on more than one occasion "danced down a man," an achievement rarely accomplished, let me tell you, and we redoubling our solicitations, the lady was finally persuaded to give us an exhibition of her powers, and a pleasant-faced young woman in a new silk dress, who had dropped in to see what was going on, being prevailed upon to stand up as a partner, and the blind piper having, after a tremendous deal of backing and filling, gotten his asthmatic bagpipe to wheezing, at it they went amid unbounded applause.

Arrah! then, but how they did go it; arms akimbo—now heel—now toe—now shuffle—whist! but never was there anything to equal it. Step it up there, Jerry! faster, man! Now they're at it strong! Whoop! how the floor shakes! how the very rafters rattle! Mursha! but was there ever a reel like unto this one, with the weighty Mrs. Kelleher—burdened by her size but warming to her work mightily—looking her opponent squarely in the eye with the sternness and gravity that the occasion demanded. Jerry, man, your pipes a-shlappin! Faster! ye spalpeen! do you hear! Ah, thin, rattle it out with the heels; now cross—now swing—tare-an'-hound's; but what man could stand up before it!—and all in heat the reel was finished—and the crowd applauding, and Mrs. Kelleher panting. Blind Jerry, who had followed every note of his pipes with grotesque contortions of his mouth, wiped the perspiration from his sun-tanned brow and drank to us again with the utmost satisfaction.

In the Usual Way.

"I see no reason why we should not be good friends, Miss Hart," said Dane Lennox, seriously.

"Nor I," agreed Miss Judith Hart.

They had been talking very frankly on the subject of platonic friendship, agreeing that such a thing was possible, and to prove it, they intended to enter into a compact of friendship. Mr. Lennox was an author, thirty, and fine-looking, if not handsome, with brown hair and eyes, and a strong attractive face.

Miss Hart was an artist, twenty-two, and decidedly handsome, with clear-cut features, and frank blue eyes, and fine smooth chin.

They had met before, but only by chance, and generally in crowded rooms, where much conversation was impossible. Not until they met at this rather quiet seaside resort, with all the summer before them, did they discover how congenial they were.

Both were independent, and both were above the weakness of love. It was a source of great satisfaction to Mr. Lennox that he had found one woman who did not desire or expect him to make love to her, and it was equally gratifying to Miss Hart, that she had found a man who would talk to her in a sensible, rational manner. Certainly no idle compliments passed between them, nor did they ever waste any precious time in sentimental chat.

"Love is an exploded theory," said Mr. Lennox loftily. "It will do in novels, but too great a number of unhappy marriages have come under my observation for me to believe it will do in reality."

"No, it can not bear the test of time and trial," said Miss Hart tritely, but with a wise shake of her head.

"But true friends may be friends forever."

"Ah, yes!" cried Judith, heartily, and her bright, frank eyes met his unhesitatingly.

So they discoursed, and firmly believed. Dane's books and Judith's pictures were discussed and often gentle criticised, hopes and aspirations were confided to each other, and every day the bond of friendship became stronger.

"Beware!" said Mrs. Weatherby, Judith's aunt, warningly.

"Beware, Aunt Sue?"

"Yes; these friendships between men and women are dangerous."

Judith's red lips curled in a proud smile.

"To weak-minded sentimentalists friendship may be dangerous, but not to Dane Lennox and your clear-headed niece," she said with confidence, carefully mixing some colors on a palette. I am to illustrate an article Mr. Lennox has recently written. Have no fears, Aunt Sue; we are too practical, too deeply absorbed in our work, to have time to fall in love."

And Mrs. Weatherby could only secretly hope so, for she loved the girl dearly.

That was a delightful summer to the two friends. They walked and talked in sunlight and moonlight; they were an inspiration to each other. Lennox sketched out his strongest, best book, and Judith painted a picture superior to all former efforts.

And this daily intercourse was all the more precious because it could not last long. In the autumn Judith would return to the city, but Lennox had decided on a trip to Southern California. But by tacit consent they left the future alone—at least that portion of it in which they were to be so far apart.

So the days passed, and the golden summer waned, and a frosty chill crisped the warm air. When the yellow haze of September had wrapped land and sea in its misty folds, and the roses were scattering their withered leaves to the ground, Miss Hart and Mr. Lennox said good-bye. Secretly both rather dreaded it; and now they did not dare to look to the future, lest its gloom should dismay them.

It was early morning. The stage would soon be ready to start, and Lennox hurried over to Mrs. Weatherby's cottage for a last moment with his friend.

She stood in the porch, dressed in soft gray, a piece of lace round her full, white throat, a deeply crimson rose fastened on her breast, and never had she looked fairer and more womanly. A sharp pang rent Dane Lennox's heart as he thought of the lonely journey before him, and a sudden jealous fear, that in his absence, some other might supplant him, caused him to catch his breath sharply. What if she should marry? Where were his thoughts leading him? He pulled himself up rather fiercely and approached her.

Neither of them could lay any great claim to calmness, but both tried to appear so.

"This summer has been a profitable as well as delightful season to me," said Dane, standing on the steps.

"I have reaped benefits from it also," said Judith, steadily, but with her eyes lowered.

"I hope that you will not forget me, or—or allow any one else to claim my place."

"Impossible to do either."

"We have been true friends, Miss Hart."

"Yes, Mr. Lennox."

He looked long and steadly at the face half turned from him, then held out his hand.

"Good-bye, dear friend," softly and with tenderness.

"Good-bye, Mr. Lennox. I wish you a safe and pleasant journey," she faltered, and with face still averted.

"Thank you, and may you be happy and successful."

An odd restraint had fallen upon them, and more words they did not indulge in. His hand released hers slowly, reluctantly, and it was with rather a lingering step he went down the walk to the little gate and out to the stage. Judith watched him out of sight, then turned away to seek her own room, very pale and quiet.

For the remainder of that day she was invisible, and when she came down in the evening a curious change had passed over her handsome, high-bred face—a subtle change, softening while it saddened it—and a certain heaviness about those clear, brilliant eyes betrayed the nearness of tears.

Mrs. Weatherby looked on, understood, but was too considerate to question or to say, "I told you so!"

Judith flung a scarf over her head and shoulders and walked down to the beach. It was a moonlight night, and the white-capped waves rolled in breaking into a thousand sparkling jewels on the rough rocks. But Judith walked with sad, down-cast eyes and saw not the loneliness of the world around her. A miserable sense of loneliness and loss oppressed her, and crushed her heart, robbed her of that proud independence she had so fondly cherished.

A step crunched in the sand behind her, and turning half startled she faced the man who had been in her thoughts all day.

"Mr. Lennox!" she cried and started back from him.

"Yes; I have made short work of my trip," he said, with a laugh, and then burst out: "I have been a fool, Judith. Laugh at me if you will; but I love you. I have come back for you. Dearest, be my wife as well as a friend. Truly life will not be worth much without you."

He spoke hurriedly, but with deep earnestness, and taking her hands in his drew her nearer him. She trembled, and a glow of life and color rushed over her pale face.

She had thought the calm pleasure of friendship delightful; but what was it beside this warm, passionate love.

"I know this must seem a strange wooing; but trust me, dear, and love me a little," he pleaded, and never had words sounded so sweet.

"I think we have both been a little foolish," she said between tears and laughter.

"Will you go with me, Judith?"

"Yes, Dane."

"So, after all, it has ended in the usual way," said Mrs. Weatherby, triumphantly, when they returned to the house. "Well, well, it is the way of the world not to believe a thing until taught its truth by actual experience."

Mr. and Mrs. Lennox went to Southern California on their bridal tour, the happiest and most devoted of lovers.—*Mat Orim.*

A Humming Bird's Courage.

Mrs. Treat, who has written an interesting book on birds, says: To observe the habits of birds it is necessary to gain their confidence and accustom them to your presence in their haunts, and Mrs. Treat tells us that the first step is gained in that direction when you have led them to believe that they can inspire you with fear. The most timid bird will soon grow bold if he sees that the human intruder regards him with apprehension and flees before his attacks. "Nothing," she says, "will so quickly make a bird familiar as to show him that he can drive us, and following this up with patience and care, he will soon confide in us, and learn our voice, and manifest delight on meeting us." In a grove adjoining Mrs Treat's house dwelt a humming bird into whose nest the naturalist would sometimes peep during the parents' absence. But the male, if he caught the interloper there, would, she says, "ruffle up his tiny feathers, and seem nearly twice as large, and dash almost into my face, making a squeaking noise—scolding and threatening until he had driven me quite a distance. He soon learned that I was very much afraid of him, so he turned tyrant and often drove me from my seat in the grove when I had not been near his dwelling."

A $500 Dog House.

Philadelphia Record.

A wealthy lady of this city is having built a miniature castle for the use of a pet dog, a handsome-looking, full-blooded mastiff. The future home of his dogship is modeled after one of the famous round towers of Ireland, and when completed will cost $500. The house is 5½ feet long, 6 feet high, and 4½ feet in width, only highly polished and antique oak being used in its construction. It is being built at Hale & Kilburn's, the workmen using a plaster cast model to guide them in putting the wood together. The entrance to the house is by a fine arched doorway, and that portion of the front adjoining the latter is oval shaped. The corners are rounded, and in every way the outlines are pleasing. The front and sides are carved in the shape of massive masonry, and around the edges of the roof the customary parapet can be seen.

Foreign Newspapers.

Japan possesses at this moment 2,000 newspapers. Considering that not a single journal of any kind existed or was thought of, in the country twenty-five years ago, this rapid rise and spread of the newspaper press there is one of the most remarkable facts in the history of journalism. Japan now boasts of a greater number of newspapers than either Italy or Austria, of more than Spain and Russia taken together, and of twice as many as the whole continent of Aisa. The appetite of the Chinese for news is sufficiently fed by the Pekin *Gazette*—which is, in fact, not a newspaper at all—and two small sheets published at Shanghai. Corea possesses an official gazette since 1884, and nothing else resembling a newspaper exists. The French have already started a paper in their new colony—*L'Avenir de Tong-king;* but as it is a purely French sheet, it can hardly contribute much to the enlightenment of the natives. The Persians are comparatively insensible to the fascinations of the daily paper. The six papers which they possess owe their existence to the reigning Shah, who is a man of letters himself and composes poetry in his leisure hours. The natives of India have a thousand newspapers.

Coney Island vs. Religion.

"He was always considered well up in the religious business, and for years he had been the 'religious editor' of the paper.

Being short of men the managing editor sent him to Coney Irland a couple of nights last week to write the place up.

He returned all right after the first trip, and wrote a glowing account of the many schemes to trap the unwary. Such a report had never been seen in the columns of any daily.

He tried again with the same result.

Last Friday night he made another trip. He returned after the paper had gone to press.

'Where have you been?' asked the manager.

'Zaz all ri'! Been dower Corey Isler! Harrer bully ti'! Garter pocket fuller cigars an' 'm so full tha' my hat's afloat! All hands come ourrer taker drink! Whoop!' and he took off his hat, swung it in the air and sat down in the waste basket.

Truly, Coney Island is not the place for a religious man, and to-day he will start in on the Old Testament again."

The above from the columns of the N. Y. *World* is sufficient appology for its "low tide" in religious matters.

How to Eat a Watermelon.

Atlanta Constitution.

To be properly enjoyed, the perfect watermelon should be pounced on in the patch just after sun up. It should be carefully selected. In response to an eager thump there should follow a dead and meaty sound, and the melon should weigh not less than twenty-five pounds. After it is pulled, it should be split from end to end with a short bladed pocket knife, so that in tearing it open the glowing and juicy heart, bursting loose from its confinement, shall find a lodgment on one side only. At this point the knife is to be flung away. For a moment the eye should be allowed to feast itself on the vision thus suddenly brought to view, then the heart should be scooped out with the hand, and its nectarious meat thrust upon the hot and thirsty palate. There ought to be something savage in the enjoyment of a watermelon; it ought to be crushed and swallowed with avidity. The man who knows how to enjoy one will come away from the fray with the sweet in his beard, in his hair, and on his clothes.

Canned Fruit.

We are indebted to Pompeii for our great industry of canned fruits. Years ago when the excavations were beginning a party of Americans found, in what had been the pantry of a house, many jars of preserved figs. One was opened, and they were found to be fresh and good. Investigation showed that the figs had been put into jars in a heated state, an aperture being left for the steam to escape, and then sealed with wax. The hint was taken, and soon after fruit canning was introduced here, the process being identical with that in vogue at Pompeii twenty centuries ago. There are many ladies among us who can tomatoes and peaches for domestic use, and do not realize that they are indebted for this art to the people of Pompeii.

Wealth.

Mark Twain's wealth is stated thus: From the publication of his books, $200,000, the amount of the sum being due to the fact that he has always been practically his own publisher, and thereby made all the profit for himself; lecturing, $100,000; scrap book, $50,000; wife's fortune, $75,000; total, $425,000. This is about the sum he now possesses.

"My good brother," said the preacher to the sick man, "is there nothing you regret—nothing you are sorry for?" "Yes—yes," came from the invalid, in a whisper. "What is it, my good brother?" "Well, I was a blamed fool that I didn't sell that gray colt before it broke its leg. I was offered $200 for it, too."

"Good gracious," said the hen, when she discovered the porcelain egg in her nest, "I shall be a bricklayer next."

All Sorts.

Kissing, they say, communicates disease. If love is a disease, it does; and the best cure is by homœpathic treatment.

If the Grant boys had any of the mettle of their father in them they would have killed off a couple of hundred poets before now.

"Fat little cakes! Curd cakes!" "Ducks and chickens! O, my soul! Good duck and chickens!" are some of the Mexican street cries.

To be Postmaster and a "good fellow" in a city of ten thousand inhabitants means that half the yearly salary must go to church, charity and clubs.

A scientific gentleman, who has made a deep study of the surgical outfit of a Jersey mosquito, asserts that he carries four distinct tools—a lance, two saws and a suction pump.

A man may be bold in business, brave in battle and courageous in time of danger, but the small brother of the girl whom he is courting will often knock him out in one round.

Scene: Newly-paved street. First Scotchman (walking on sidewalk)—"Here, man, Jock, come aff the course road on tae the fitpad." Jock—"Na, I've paid for the stanes, an' I'm gawn toe tak' the use of them."

An anglers' paper speaks of the "shrinkage of trout streams." A trout stream may shrink, but the trout never does. It generally expands and increases in weight after being removed from the stream by an angler.

Professor (to student)—There are several misspelled words in your essay, Mr. B., one of which is "sophomore." For a college student such an error is inexcusable. Mr. B. (making the best of it)—But I am only a freshman, sir.

Boston girl (to Uncle James, a farmer)—"Do you like living on a farm, Uncle James?" Uncle James—"Yes, I like it very much." Boston girl—"I suppose it is nice enough in the glad summer time; but to go out in the cold and snow to gather winter apples and harvest winter wheat I imagine might be anything but pleasant."

The soldiers' monument at Atlanta is to have statues of Grant, Lee, Johnston and Sherman around the base of the column. Near the top will be two soldiers, the blue and the gray, clasping hands, and above the globe that crowns the summit will be the Goddess of Liberty. The structure will be 180 feet in height and will cost $100,000.

A Baltimore provision dealer, who sold over $100,000 worth of terrapin last winter, says that in old times the slaves complained because their masters furnished them so much terrapin and so little pork. That is like old times in the Merrimac Valley, when apprentices had it put into their indentures that they should not be compelled to eat salmon more than three times a week.

A Plucky Boy.

The famous electrician, Thomas A. Edison, like many another genius, began life as a poor boy. At twelve, he was selling peanuts and papers on the Grand Trunk Railroad, and using his old baggage-car for a laboratory, and for fear that somebody would touch his chemicals, he labeled every bottle "Poison."

He picked up a little knowledge of printing and of telegraphy, and when about sixteen saved the life of a little child, by snatching him from the track before a swiftly coming train. In gratitude for the heroic act, the child's father offered to teach young Edison the art of telegraphy, but all the time he was trying experiments with chemicals, sometimes resulting in accidents which cost him his place.

But he kept on working until he invented the system of telegraphy whereby four messages can be sent at once over the same wire. This was quickly followed by the phonograph, the telephone, the electric light and various other inventions. He was described by the U. S. Patent Commissioner as "the young man who kept the pathway to the Patent Office hot with his footsteps."

Indignation Provoked by a Type-Writer.

A clergyman who had learned to use a type-writer wrote consolation to a parishioner who had lost his wife. The man was indignant, and would not speak to his pastor. When a friend inquired the reason he said: "I always supposed he had some heart, but when my wife died he sent me an infernal circular, not having enough interest to write something especially adapted to my case. I want nothing to do with a man who is as formal and heartless as that." He was not aware of the existence of the type-writer, explains the *Christian Advocate*, which tells the story, and thought the matter was printed.

Over Five Thousand New Cases.

MADRID, August 21.—The new cases of cholera reported for the last twenty-four hours from the various infected districts of Spain aggregate 5,018, and the deaths 1,072. During the twelve hours ended at midnight last night, fourteen new cases and nine deaths were reported in this city, and 117 new cases and 41 deaths in the province outside of the city.

People Fleeing from Montreal.

PORTLAND, Me., Aug. 21.—So many people are coming here from Montreal to escape the small-pox that the mayor has called a meeting of the board of health to take measures against the introduction of the disease from that city.

Medical, Etc.

MALARIAL POISON.

The principal cause of nearly all sickness at this time of the year has its origin in a disordered Liver, which, if not regulated in time, great suffering, wretchedness and death will ensue. A gentleman writing from South America says: "I have used your Simmons' Liver Regulater with good effect, both as a prevention and cure for Malarial Fevers on the Isthmus of Panama.

TAKE

Simmons' Liver Regulator

A Purely Vegetable Medicine.

AN EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC

FOR

MALARIOUS FEVERS,
BOWEL COMPLAINTS,
JAUNDICE,
COLIC,
RESTLESSNESS,
MENTAL DEPRESSION,
SICK HEADACHE,
CONSTIPATION,
NAUSEA,
BILIOUSNESS,
DYSPEPSIA, &c.

If you feel drowsy, debilitated, have frequent headache, mouth tastes badly, poor appetite, and tongue coated, you are suffering from torpid liver or "biliousness," and nothing will cure you so speedily and permanently as to take

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR.

It is given with safety, and the happiest results to the most delicate infant. It takes the place of quinine and bitters of every kind. It is the cheapest, purest and best family medicine in the world.

J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. 17 31 1y

Loans. Loans. $54,000,000.

Surplus reported by the last monthly statement to be lying in the Banks of New York City. This vast amount of money is seeking investment. Capitalists are daily withdrawing their money from stocks and other uncertain investments, no matter how flattering the prospects. Capitalists desire to loan their funds in the country on Real Estate and collateral security to honest men for a long term and at low rate of interest. The Traders Bureau is organized to bring together the Loaner and the borrower. Parties desirous of borrowing or lending money, or buying and selling anything can obtain full information of our plan of business and a copy of THE TRADERS GAZETTE by sending five 2c. stamps to G. W. FOSTER, Manager the Traders Bureau, 25 Fulton Street, N. Y. 17 31 3m

Professional Cards.

E. R. CHAMBERS, Attorney-at-Law.
Office at the south-west corner of the Diamond. All business promptly attended to. 17 12 1y

JOHN KLINE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Office on second floor of Furst's new building north of Court House. 16 17 tf

S. D. RAY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office, south-west corner of Diamond, near Brockerhoff House. 13-2tf

D. H. HASTINGS. W. F. REEDER.
HASTINGS & REEDER, Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, two doors north of office formerly occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings. 13-40-1y

J. G. LOVE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. [a47t-tf

CLEMENT DALE, Attorney-at-Law,
office on High Street second door from First National Bank. 8 42-tf

E. BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD
E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law,
v6 1-1y High Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

C. T. ALEXANDER, Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building opposite Court House. 6-1—9-32

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, first door south of Lyon's new store. 5 17-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

DR. E. J. D. GEISSINGER,
DENTIST.
A graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, Philadelphia, has permanently located in Bellefonte, Pa., for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches, including the treatment of diseases of the mouth.
Office over Lyon's store on Allegheny st.

Banks and Bankers.

H. C. HUMES, Pres't.....J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r
FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte
Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y

Shaving Saloons.

WM. MILLS
FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.
Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, under Centre county bank building High street, Bellefonte, Pa. aug 17 1m

M. S. GRAHAM,
FASHIONABLE BARBER
In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without ether pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths* 5-11

Hotels.

COLUMBIA HOUSE,

Nos. 111 and 113 N'th Broad Street (above Arch
PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A.
Directly opposite Academy of Fine Arts three squares from Academy of Music and Horticultural Hall; one block from the new City Hall and the Pennsylvania railway passenger depot; adjoins the National Surgical Institution; half block from Masonic Temple, and within three squares of the Philadelphia & Reading passenger depot.
TERMS, $1.50 PER DAY.
MRS. ELIZABETH A. HUTTON *Proprietress*
14-21tf

McMILLEN'S
NEW BROCKERHOFF HOUSE,
ALLEGHENY STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.
Good sample room on first floor. Free Buss to and from all trains. Special rates to Witnesses and Jurors. 15 9tf

High Opinion of the Fifth Regiment.

Much praise has been given the Fifth Regiment, N. G., for the record it made during the encampment at Camp Gallagher. No opinion has, however, been expressed which comes with the authority of a letter printed in a recent issue of the *Army and Navy Journal*. It is a paper devoted exclusively to the improvement of military practice and the dissemination of military news, and everything it says on this subject can be relied on. In referring to the First Brigade encampment the following sentence occurs: "The regiments committing the fewest errors, during inspection, were the First of the 1st Brigade, the Fifth in the 2d, and the Thirteenth in the 3d."

More extended reference is again given to the Fifth regiment than to any other in the entire Guard. We quote a paragraph as follows: "At 4 p. m. the 4th regiment came out and went through the same programme. It is a question if any other regiment looked finer or passed a better inspection. Eight companies with a presence of 504 men out of a total of 510, it is certain was not equalled and in other respects the command was worthy of quite as much praise. Every overcoat was properly rolled, and all alike, blankets nicely folded, brasses clean, officers taking their proper positions without hesitation, in fact the general appearance of the regiment could hardly be excelled."

—The Soldiers and Sailors' Home Commission, of which Governor Pattison is the head and General Beaver and nine others are members, decided at the meeting a few days ago to convert the Marine Hospital property at Erie into a Soldiers and Sailors' Home, to be known as the Pennsylvania Soldiers and Sailors' Home. The Home consists of a large brick building erected for marine hospital purposes, and has with it two hundred acres of land on the site the old French Presque Isle Fort, commanding the entrance to the port, and is worth $250,000. The appropriation of $30,000 will be used for renovating and furnishing the structure. Indigent soldiers and sailors who are not provided for in the Soldiers' Home bills will be admitted for to the number of three hundred or more. The directory for the first year consists of the Governor and the balance of the Commission.

—The Soldiers' Orphans Sixteeners held their business session in Williamsport on Wednesday. After routine work the following officers were elected: President, H. L. Devan, of Allegheny; vice presidents, Miss Clara Andrews, of Bethlehem, and Miss Maggie Croaks, of Newport; recording secretary, R. E. Hoffman, Williamsport. An executive committee consisting of one member from each school was also elected. The next reunion will be held at Harrisburg. To-day an excursion and picnic was given the visitors by Reno Post Grand Army of the Republic, to close with a camp fire and reception in the evening.

—A farmer named McCaslin, residing near New Castle, who is seventy years of age, thinks he has made an important discovery which may be of interest to others. He says he has been farming all his life, and only learned this year that by sowing timothy seed with buckwheat weeds are prevented from growing. This, he says, has always been a thorn in the side of the average farmer, as the buckwheat crop has always been materially injured by the growth of weeds.

Success of a New Book.

Editor Daily News.

DEAR SIR:—I desire to express a word of hearty thanks to Jews and Gentiles, Catholics and Protestants of every name in Bellefonte for the liberal patronage I have received from them for the "Book of Best Things." The little book is protecting and may possibly save for us the home we occupy on east Linn street. Those who desire copies will find them for sale, one dollar a volume, at the several book-stores in town.

Gratefully,
R. CRITTENDEN.

Bellefonte, August 21st, 1884.

—Hon. W. K. Alexander is criticised by a correspondent of the Centre Hall *Reporter* because a year ago he appeared in the Democratic county convention as a delegate from Potter township. This year he represented Millheim, and he is an applicant for post master at Linden Hall. The first thing to do is to send Mr. Alexander a map of Centre county in which he can find the exact locality where he lives.

—Our excellent friend, Mayor Powers, is visiting in Clearfield county. A friend is taking him in a private conveyance. We hope the recreation will benefit the Mayor's health, which has not been very robust of late.

Medical, Etc.

Only Temperance Bitters Known.

VINEGAR BITTERS

VEGETABLE — FREE FROM — PURELY — DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA — ALCOHOL — EUREKA — VINEGAR BITTERS

No other medicine known so effectually purges the blood of deep-seated diseases.
Millions bear testimony to its wonderful curative effects.
It is a purely Vegetable Preparation, made from the native herbs and roots of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol.
It removes the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health.
It is the great Blood Purifier and Life-giving Principle; a Gentle Purgative and Tonic; a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the power of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to.
The Alterative, Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Anti-Bilious, Solvent, Diuretic and Tonic properties of VINEGAR BITTERS exceed those of any other medicine in the world.
No person can take the BITTERS according to directions and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.
Bilious, Remittent, Intermittent and Malarial Fevers, are prevalent throughout the United States, particularly in the valleys of our great rivers and their vast tributaries during the Summer and Autumn, especially during seasons of unusual heat and dryness.
These Fevers are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach, liver and bowels. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these organs, is absolutely necessary.
There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to Dr. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as it will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.
Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus forearmed.
It Invigorates the Stomach and stimulates the torpid Liver and Bowels, cleansing the blood of all impurities, imparting life and vigor to the frame, and carrying off without the aid of Calomel, or other minerals, all poisonous matter from the system.
Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Pneumonia, Dizziness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are at once relieved by VINEGAR BITTERS.
For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, the Bitters have no equal. In these, as in all constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS has shown its great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.
Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to Paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take occasional doses of VINEGAR BITTERS.
Skin Diseases, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Swellings, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations, Humors and diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of the Bitters.
Pin, Tape and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics, will free the system from worms like VINEGAR BITTERS.
Measles, Scarlet Fever, Mumps, Whooping Cough, and all children's diseases may be made less severe by keeping the bowels open with mild doses of the Bitters.
For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, this Bitters has no equal.
Cleanse the Vitiated Blood when its impurities burst through the skin in Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when, and the health of the system will follow.
In conclusion: Give the Bitters a trial. It will speak for itself. One bottle is a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.
Around each bottle are full directions printed in different languages.
R. H. McDonald Drug Co., Proprietors, San Francisco, Cal., and 528, 530 & 532 Washington St., Cor. Charlton St., New York.
Sold by all Dealers and Druggists.
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Relieved and permanently cured by Dr. J. A. Sherman's improved method without operation, interference from labor or the injury trusses inflict. Book with likenesses of bad cases before and after cure and testimonials from prominent business and professional men is sent for ten cents. Office, 251 Broadway, New York. Those who value the blessings of physical soundness should lose no time in consulting Dr. Sherman. Patients can receive treatment and leave for home same day.

CONSUMPTION

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease to any sufferer. Give express and P. O. address DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York

DON'T you want a $30 38 Shot Repeating Gun for $12, a $30 Breech Loading Shot Gun for $12.50, a $12 Concert Organette for $7, a $25 Magic Lantern for $12, a Solid Gold $25 Watch for $15, a $15 Silver Watch for $8, a $15 Aluminum Gold Watch for $8. You can get any of these articles FREE if you devote a few hours of your leisure time evenings to introducing our new goods, one lady secured Gold Watch free in single afternoon. A gentleman got a silver Watch for fifteen minutes work, a boy 11 years old secured a Watch in one day, hundreds of others have done nearly as well. If you have a Magic Lantern you can start a business that will pay you from $10 to $50 every night. Send at once for Illustrated Catalogue of Gold and Silver Watches, Revolvers, Self-cocking Bulldog Spy Glasses, Indian Scout and Astronomical Telescopes, Telegraph Instruments, Type Writers, Printing Presses Photograph Outfits Oleographs, Organ Accordeons, Violins, &c. It will start you on the road to wealth. $3 Oleograph outfit FREE to Agents. **YOU WANT** FREE

World Manufacturing Co
122 Nassau Street, New York
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Miscellaneous.

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DRUGGIST,
Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family recipes. 6 1 1y

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INSURE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY
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GEORGE L. POTTER
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AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION proposed to the citizens of this Commonwealth for their approval or rejection by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Published by order of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, in pursuance to the last section of Article XVIII of the Constitution.

Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, that the following is proposed as an amendment of to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof.

AMENDMENT.

That section five of article five of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows: "Whenever a county shall contain forty thousand inhabitants it shall constitute a separate judicial district, and shall elect one judge learned in the law; and the General Assembly shall provide for additional judges, as the business of the said district may require. Counties containing a population less than is sufficient to constitute separate districts shall be formed into convenient single districts, or, if necessary, may be attached to contiguous districts, as the General Assembly may provide. The office of associate judge, not learned in the law, is abolished in counties forming separate districts; but the several associate judges in office when this constitution shall be adopted shall serve for their unexpired terms," be and the same is hereby amended, so as to read as follows: Whenever a county shall contain sixty thousand inhabitants it may constitute a separate judicial district, and may elect one judge learned in the law; and the General Assembly shall provide for additional judges, as the business of said district may require. Counties not forming separate districts shall be formed into convenient single districts, as the General Assembly may provide. The office of associate judge, not learned in the law, is abolished in counties forming separate districts and having more than one law judge; every other county shall elect two associate judges, who shall not be required to be learned in the law; but the several associate judges in office, when this amendment shall be adopted, shall serve for their unexpired term.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.
17 30 3m W. S. STENGER,
Secretary of the Commonwealth

Medical.

SCROFULA

Usually develops in early life, and is a peculiar morbid condition of the system, usually affecting the glands, often resulting in swellings, enlarged joints, abscesses, thickening of the lips, enlarged neck, sore eyes. A scrofulous condition often hereditary, but bad diet, too free use of fat meats, bad air, want of sunshine and nourishing food will induce it. Some people are troubled with scrofulous swelling of the glands, and with ulcers and kernels, which may cause very little pain; others may have inward scrofula, scrofula of the lungs, scrofula of the spleen, scrofula of the kidneys, and scrofula of the bones. BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS will drive away any case of scrofula and not to appear in another place, for their action on the blood and bowels will carry the disease entirely from the body.

Wilson & McFarlane--Hardware.

HARDWARE,

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Have for sale in HEATING STOVES,

THE CROWNING GLORY

OF BASE BURNERS.

This Stove is well named. It has a Diving Flue in front, making it a Front Heater.

Immense Radiating Surface.

ALSO,

FORT ORANGE AND EASTLAKE.

We would call your attention to

The Welcome Home Heaters,

DOUBLE AND SINGLE.

Beautifully finished in Nickel. Our line of COOK STOVES and RANGES is complete.

CALL AND SEE US.

Miscellaneous.

B. & B.

SILKS

—AND—

Dress Goods!

For Mid Summer Trade and to close out a number of lines of Summer Goods in order to get room for Fall Business, we will offer during the month of August some RARE BARGAINS in choice goods at much less than market value.

On our Silk Counter, we have placed some

Bargain Lots of Silks, viz.:

17 inch GROS GRIAN at 50c.
18 " " " at 65c
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In a full line of COLORS also a special line of COLORED SILKS 20 inches wide at 55c.

Heavy Colored Gros Grain Silks, 85c.
Extra Quality " " " 1 00.

19 inch EMBOSSED VELVETS, imported goods, all colors and black, at $1 25. This is unusual value and will pay you to see a sample.

In BLACK GOODS DEPARTMENT, we continue to offer our customers special values in BLACK CASHMERES, which is a leading feature in our business.

38-inch Black Cashmeres, 50 to 75c.
46-inch " " 75c. to $1 00

Large Stock of

Mourning Goods, Crepes, Crepe Veils, Etc.

In American Dress Goods Department, we are selling a line of

22-inch Beiges at 10c. and
26-inch Beiges at 12½ cts.

Imported Mohair Plaids at 15c., reduced from 25c.

Wash Goods.

To Close Stock, we are offering

FINEST IMPORTED SATINES, 40c. Goods at 25c.
Large lot Choice Satines in light colors at 10c.
Remarkable Bargains in all kinds of

WASH GOODS,

BATISTES, GINGHAMS, LAWNS, Etc.

100 pieces DOUBLE WIDTH CURTAIN SCRIM, at 10c. a yard. See this bargain.

In Suit Room, nearly all Jerseys marked down—many $5 00 and $6 50 goods marked to $2 50.

NEW FALL STOCK, of 4-4 Tricots, choice shades and extra quality, at 75c.

OUR MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT, gives careful attention to all orders by Mail for samples or goods. Our Customers' interests are always carefully looked after, and satisfaction is insured.

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For all BRAIN & NERVE DISEASES. Only sure cure for Nervous Affections, Fits, Epilepsy, etc. MARVELLOUS if taken as directed. No Fits after first day's use. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Fit patients, they paying express charges on box when received. Send names, P. O. and express address of afflicted to Dr. KLINE, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by Druggists. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS FRAUDS.
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Miscellaneous.

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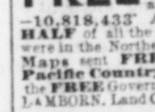
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Is not South Carolina Rock. It is a true Ammoniated Animal Bone Super-Phosphate. We are the only manufacturers of it, and every bag has our name and address on, also guaranteed analysis. *None other is genuine.*

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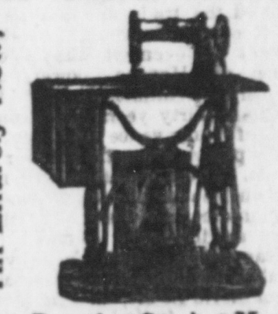
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FREE 320 acres of Government Land Free under the Homestead and Timber Culture Laws. NOTE —10,818,433 Acres OR MORE THAN HALF of all the Public Lands disposed of in 1882, were in the Northern Pacific country. Books and Maps sent FREE, describing the Northern Pacific Country, the Railroad Lands for Sale and the FREE Government Lands. Address, CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Land Com'r, N. P. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

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An Entirely New,  High Arm,

Easy Running Sewing Machine

With the continuous manufacture and experience of Forty years, the Howe Company now offer a machine superior to any and all others. It combines every requisite: Has High Arm; Is Light Running; Noiseless; Attractive; Beautiful in Finish; Perfect in Workmanship; Perfect Stitch; Self-Threading Shuttle; Unequaled Tensions; Easiest to Operate; the most room under the Arm, and so perfectly balanced. It is without Vibration. Has the finest set of Attachments for family sewing, which are put up in a velvet lined box. Its woodwork is of finest styles and latest designs. It is a household treasure. If we are not already represented, we WANT AN AGENT IN THIS COUNTY. Write us for catalogue of terms and prices. Send and buy a sample machine and introduce it to your friends. We do not say you can make a fortune in a short time, but you can make a fair, square, honest living. Mention this paper when you write. Address THE HOWE SEWING MACHINE CO.
17 18 1y No. 4 6th Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

HELP for working people. Send 10 cents for postage, and we will mail you *free*, a royal, valuable box of sample goods that will put you in the way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business. Capital not required. We will start you. You can work all the time or in spare time only. The work is universally adapted to both sexes, young and old. You can easily earn from 50 cents to $5 every evening. That all who want work may test the business, we make this unparalleled offer; to all who are not well satisfied we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, directions, etc., sent free. Fortunes will be made by those who give their whole time to the work. Great success absolutely sure. Don't delay. Start now. Address STINSON & Co., Portland Maine. jan3 1y

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1. A Full Classical Course of four years.
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WITH SUPPLEMENT.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

An Army in Africa.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—Secretary of State Bayard is in receipt of a dispatch from Sierra Leone giving an account of the movements of an army of 100,000 men in the interior of Africa under a Mandingi named Samudu, who conceived the idea that he was called of God to wage war for the suppression of Paganism and the opening of roads to the coast which for generations has been subjected to blackmail and plundering of vagabond tribes. His army is composed of the Mohammedan youth and is divided into three portions, one of which recently drove the French from the gold fields of Boure and are now besieging Bammocks which is occupied and fortified by the French. Another is operating east of Liberia. In one sense it opens the way for negro immigrants of intelligence and energy from America, while in another sense it is forestalling the whole region of Mohammedanism and making it difficult, if not impossible, to convert that country to the faith imported from America by immigrants. The largest and most important body surrounded Talaha, the capital of Loalima, and a large commercial city, and called upon the king to surrender. This he refused to do, but after a terrible siege the king assembled the royal family and principal chiefs in his powder house and informed them that he could hold out no longer as his resources were exhausted, but having for more than 200 years belonged to a ruling element he was determined, for himself and family, to die rather than come under Mohammedan rule. He gave the chiefs their choice either to die with him or go out of town and give themselves up to the enemy. They decided to die with him. He then set fire to the powder and they were all blown up.

Thus ended Loalima power, which for more than seven generations had influenced the trade and politics of the extensive districts. Another important achievement was the destruction of Hoodoo power, an irresponsible organization which for more than thirty years has been a source of annoyance and loss to caravans passing from the interior to the coast. These operations will not be without salutary effect upon American commerce, for there is in that country an increasing demand for American goods. Samudu's army is now only a few miles from the coast, north of Sierra Leone, and it is believed that a judical co operation with them on the part of the British authorities would effect great good for the freedom and permanent security of trade in the regions neighboring to the colony.

The Prohibitionists.

HARRISBURG, Aug. 25.—The prohibition state convention met to-day in the hall of the house of representatives. There was a large attendance, all sections of the state being represented.

The convention proper was called to order at 10.30 o'clock this morning by A. A. Barker, the chairman. Mr. Barker read the call for the convention, and then called for nominations for chairman of the convention.

A. A. Stevens, of Tyrone, Blair county, was elected temporary and permanent chairman of the convention. His remarks could not have been more concise, and were confined to about fifty words, the most pointed of which were in the shape of a caution to the delegates not to do anything that would bring dishonor upon the cause they were assembled to represent. He said this convention had met to work and not talk, and it would act for the people.

A campaign fund of $1,000 was raised by subscription and cash. Barr Spangler, of Marietta, was nominated for state treasurer, almost by acclamation, several other candidates receiving but few votes. After appointing a state committee and electing the old officers, the convention adjourned.

Plymouth's Sacred Soil.

BOSTON, August 24.—An affair happened at Plymouth to-day which looks like an outcropping of the ancient hostility of the Pilgrims to the "Prelates." Cole's Hill, in that town, is one of the historic spots, and though surrounded by a granite curbing, is unfenced. It belongs to the Pilgrim Society, and the members of that body, as well as citizens generally, pass over it to make a short cut to the railway station. No one has ever been complained of for doing this, until to-day, when the Rev. Malcolm Douglass, D. D., who is temporarily officiating as rector of the Episcopal church, was arraigned in the local court for trespass in passing over the sacred soil. Being in great haste to catch a train, the Doctor, instead of making a detour from the door of the Rock Hotel to steps leading down the hill, took a direct route over the slope of the hill. The indignity offered to a man like Dr. Douglass for so trivial an offence has aroused great indignation. The case was continued until Saturday.

Saturday's Storms.

WATERLOO, N. Y., Aug. 22.—A thunder storm prevailed here about 1 o'clock this morning. The rain fell in torrents. Mill races were raised five feet and the canal three feet. Cellars were flooded. The Corporation building was drenched and the frescoing in the firemen's and trustees' rooms was ruined. The lightning struck a large oak tree and shattered it, and also destroyed the State surveyor's signal station, six miles south of the village. Old residents pronounce it the greatest storm ever known in this locality. At Seneca Falls Mr. Fisher's family escaped from their house in boats. Dry streams have been changed into torrents. Farmers complain of injury to corn and buckwheat.

BUFFALO, Aug. 22.—At Perry this morning lightning struck the house of John Rudgers, a ball of fire two inches in diameter coming in through the roof and rolling over the carpet. Rudgers in his bare feet sprung upon the ball and crushed it out. His feet were severely burned and he received a shock from which he did not recover for several hours.

SYRACUSE, Aug. 22.—A high wind and deluge of rain did extensive damage throughout this part of the state last night. Five horses in Camilla were killed by lightning last night, by getting their necks across a wire fence which was struck sixty rods away. A barn at Fayetteville was struck by lightning and burned with its contents, causing a loss of $4,000.

CANAJOHARIE, N. Y., Aug. 22.—A rain and hail storm accompanied by lightning occurred here last night. The force of the storm was spent in the vicinity of Buell, this county, where storms from four directions are said to have come together. Several barns were crushed in. That of George Countryman with crops valued at $5,000, was struck by lightning and burned. Hop yards were flattened and several horses and cows killed. During the storm the atmosphere was almost as light as day.

DOVER, N. H., Aug. 22.—A. W. Springfield's mills at Millton Three Ponds, twenty-two miles from here, were struck by lightning this morning and with their contents were burned to the ground. Fifty hands were employed there. Loss, $30,000. The buildings were owned by the Great Falls manufacturing company. Blankets worth $8,000, ready for shipment, were partly saved. The storehouse, which was full of wool, and a brick picker building were saved. The insurance on building, machinery and stock will nearly cover the loss.

A Shooting Affray at Milton.

SUNBURY, Pa., August 23.—Patrick Henry shot George Brown in Milton on Saturday night. Both are colored. Henry, who gave himself up and is now in jail here, says there was an old grudge between Brown and himself, and about 10 o'clock he met Brown with a white man on Main street. The white man was intoxicated and proposed a fight. Brown then stepped up to Henry and said: "I'll lick you," and at the same time put his hand into his hip pocket. Henry got away from them as soon as possible and went home and got a revolver. Some time afterward he met the party on Elm street and Brown said: "Now I will fix you," and again placed his hand in his hip pocket. Henry then drew his revolver and fired, the ball striking Brown in the left breast, inflicting a wound from which he will die.

Explosion of an Infernal Machine.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 22.—The south side last evening was thrown into excitement by the explosion of an infernal machine. John Malceskie, aged 50, well known as one of the early residents of the city, picked up in his yard an odd-shaped contrivance resembling two balls, about the size of billiard balls, fastened in an oblong frame. In handling the mysterious article it exploded, blowing off the old man's right thumb and two fingers of either hand. Although a careful search was made not a particle of the missing members or the infernal contrivance could be found, and owing to the fright and injury received by the explosion the old gentleman is unable to give a very clear description of the machine. He is not known to have an enemy.

Refusing to Handle Wabash Engines.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 22.—The only developments in the Knights of Labor trouble at this point yesterday, were confined to the yards of the bridge company, to which five Wabash engines were transferred this morning from the Missouri Pacific yards. With two exceptions the men in the yards are all Knights, and they refused to draw the fires, wipe, or in any way handle the Wabash engines. The superintendent was informed that if ordered to attend to them the men would quit work in preference to doing so. No orders have been given yet to that effect, however, and the matter has not been brought to an issue. Two delegates from Decatur, Ill., arrived this morning to confer with the Wabash committee.

The Nailers' Strike a Failure.

BELLAIRE, August 22.—In a talk with President Weir, of the Nailers, Rollers and Heaters' Association it is learned that there are now about 3,300 nail machines in the territory embracing the Western Nail Association. Of these he states that less than 100 are in operation by the feeders, and that the yield from the one hundred is less than one-fourth what it was under the old rule. Under the direction of the nailers these machines will produce over a thousand per day. The production in the hands of the feeders is about 250 kegs. He regards the strike as a failure, and says that competent feeders do not want the price cut down. Mr. Weir thinks the stop is made to improve the trade and stiffen the price.

Millions Going a-Begging.

BUFFALO, Aug. 23.—There is in this city a cabinet-maker named Reuben R. Brown, who is one of the claimants to $2,000,000 now in the Bank of England. The sum which has grown into this large amount was deposited in that bank by the grandfather of Brown in 1766, when he came to this country. He was then uncertain as to whether he should ever return to England. He finally settled in New Jersey, where he married. Nothing was done by the heirs to secure this fortune until about ten years ago, when some of the New Jersey heirs traced up the family history in the State Department of New Jersey. This, with other evidence, was sent to England and word was received that before the money could be received it was necessary for the two senior heirs, of whom R. R. Brown is one, to go to England. The record found in New Jersey is said to prove that the present claimants are the true ones, and it will only be necessary for them to go through certain legal forms to secure the fortune.

To-Day's Convention.

HARRISBURG, August 25.—The indications point to a spirited convention of the democratic party to-morrow. The night trains have brought a number of the delegates and the main talk in hotel corridors is on the question of anti-discrimination. The filing of bills in equity against the South Pennsylvania Railroad sale is being ably discussed and it will no doubt be a prominent feature in the platform outside of an endorsement of State and National administrations. R. P. Allen, ex-senator from Lycoming county, is stated for temporary, and Jacob Turney, of Westmoreland county, for permanent chairman. Secretary of Commonwealth Stenger will likely be chaiman of the committee on resolutions. This indicates a full endorsement of State administration, as well as an approval of the attorney General's course on the South Pennsylvania railroad.

Rain in Iowa.

DAVENPORT, Ia., Aug. 25.—The heaviest rain storm for years prevailed here almost continually for forty hours, ending at noon yesterday. Over seven inches of rain has fallen causing great damage to streets and crops. Several washouts are reported on the railroads, and trains from the west and southwest have been delayed. The loss in bridges washed away in this county will amount to several thousand dollars. On the Mercer County railroad a train of coal cars went through a bridge, involving a loss of $20,000. A brakeman named Frank Fense was buried in the wreck. In the twenty-four hours ending at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon the Mississippi rose about fifteen inches.

A Killing Frost in the Northwest.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Aug. 24.—The signal service here has advices which report that a killing frost occurred last night over the greater portion of the northwest territory, extending southward to the northern part of Minnesota. The temperature fell to 29 degrees above zero at St. Vincent just before sunrise this morning. This is low enough to form good stiff ice and to kill vegetation. The report says the frost is not likely to extend very far south of St. Vincent. The lowest temperature reported this morning was 25 degrees above, observed at Minedosa, Northwest territory. The air here in St. Paul is crisp and chilly, but there was no frost. The visitors are leaving the lakes in large parties to day for the south.

Wanted for Forgery.

SUNBURY, Pa., August 24.—The house of Edward Carr, on Vine street, has been besieged by officers from Muncy, Williamsport and Wilkesbarre since 11 o'clock last night, trying to make an arrest for forgery and obtaining money on false pretenses. Carr, it is alleged, forged the name of P. M. Toumbower, of Muncy, to a check. The officers tracked him to his home and found the doors locked and barricaded. Carr threatens to shoot any one who attempts to come in and the officers, under the advice of their counsel, have taken up their station outside the house. Fully 500 people are waiting developments. Water and provisions are furnished Carr from the outside by means of a bucket and rope through a second story window.

To be Given to the Poor.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—The mourning drapery on all the public buildings is to be taken down to-morrow and given to the poor. Thousands of yards of cheap black cloth were used in these decorations, and they were spoilt for any further possible service by the thirty days' exposure. The department buildings are frequently dressed in mourning for deceased public men, but it is not found practicable to keep crape in stock for repeated use, so that local dry goods dealers do a flourishing trade whenever a great man dies. The drapery with which the public buildings were dressed so profuseiy on Garfield's death was donated to the sufferers from the Ohio River floods.

Low Wages to be Made Lower.

LYNNPORT, Pa., Aug. 24.—The firm of Krause & Seiger, who have a large slate quarry at this place, put up a notice this afternoon saying that on and after Aug. 26 a reduction of 12 per cent. on wages would take effect, covering all the men employed. The firm employs a large number of men, many of whom work twelve hours a day for 90 cents. It is thought that the reduction will not be accepted.

Minister Cox.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 23.—Munir Pasha, the Minister of Finance, has visited United States Minister Cox on behalf of the Sultan and expressed the Sultan's regret that the press of state affairs should have compelled his Majesty to postpone an audience to Mr. Cox.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

A Text Book Adopted.

Perhaps the most lively meeting in history of the Bellefonte School Board occurred on Friday evening. The special object of the meeting was to decide upon the best work on Physiology and Hygiene for use in schools.

It is unnecessary to add that a most lively canvass had been made by the agents of the respective publications on this subject in order to secure the adoption of his book. For instance, we learn that one well known agent made five visits on Friday to a gentleman who has nothing to do with the school board, but who happens to be extremely intimate with a director, his object probably being to find how the director would vote.

Prof. Lieb and a number of the other instructors were present at the meeting and their opinions were divided, a majority, however, favoring the book finally adopted. The only two books which were considered were Smith's, published by Ivison, Blakeman & Co., and the one written by Mrs. Hunt. A majority of the medical committee reported in favor of Smith's and a minority report was received in favor of Mrs. Hunt's—three physicians favoring the first and two the second. One of the directors had secured an opinion from ex-Judge Hoy and an opinion was given by Judge Furst.

So far as Physiology and Hygiene are concerned, both works are equally excellent. The law, however, requires that the book adopted shall treat of these subjects with special reference to the effect of alcoholic drinks, narcotics and stimulants on the human system. It is said Mrs. Hunt's book meets these requirements most perfectly. A motion to adopt the minority report was carried by a vote of 5 to 4, and Mrs. Hunt's work will be the text book to be studied. The decision of the board was eminently wise.

We understand that there will be another special meeting of the board soon to consider the adoption of other text books, especially a speller. Perhaps a majority of the board consider the present speller equal to any. It is certainly a bad time to change books, as very few parents are able to afford the expense that the change will cause. We hope no *unnecessary* changes in text books will be made.

A Needed Correction.

The statement is made in Saturday's issue of the *Daily News* that "a *majority of the teachers*" present at the school meeting on Friday evening last, in their expressions of opinion, "favored the book finally adopted."

The facts in the case do not sustain this statement.

There were present eight teachers who gave opinions substantially as follows.

Mr. Etters had examined both Dr. Smith's and Mrs. Hunt's Elementary work, and considered Smith's the better book. In answer to a question proposed by a member of the Board, he said if the temperance instruction was the only matter aimed at in the law then he should prefer Mrs. Hunt's book, otherwise he preferred Smith's. He also stated that he thought Physiology could be successfully taught to children, and the younger we begin this branch the better.

Mr. Lieb was decidedly in favor of "Smith's Elementary" as compared with "Mrs. Hunt's Hygiene for Young People."

Miss Shortlidge preferred Mrs. Hunt's primary book for use in her grade, because of its simplicity.

Miss Rankin had no preference.

Miss Hewes thought she could use Dr. Smith's book with success in her grade, but had not compared it with any other.

Miss McCaffrey had no preference.

Miss Powers, having examined but one book, *Smith's*, could make no choice. Miss Humes liked the *review questions* in Mrs. Hunt's Primary book, but had no preference.

"Smith's Elementary Physiology" and "Mrs. Hunt's Hygiene for Young People" were examined then comparatively by two teachers only, both of whom were decidedly in favor of Smith's. The primary books of the two series were examined by Miss Shorthidge only, and her preference was for Mrs. Hunt's book. There was practically no expression of opinion on the part of the other five teachers as to the respective merits of the two series of books considered.

Now it is simply impossible for any one to figure out a majority of the teachers in favor of the books or the series, finally adopted, and whatever inference it was intended that the public should take from the statement made, those making the statement should be candid enough to give the facts.

D. M. LIEB.

The School Board Meeting.

I notice in the *Daily News* an article wherein Prof. D. M. Lieb charges your informant with a want of candor, therefore a few words of explanation seem necessary:

In giving Mr. Bailey an account of what was done at a special meeting of the school board, on last Friday night, I might have said that a majority of the *teachers* present favored Mrs. Hunt's book, for, at the time, I really thought they did.

But I did not include in this estimate either the Principal nor his assistant, for the former declared himself emphatically opposed to Mrs. Hunt's book, while the latter unmistakably declared in favor of Smith's book.

Now, if any of the ladies who were at the meeting feel that I have wronged them by believing that they favored Mrs. Hunt's book, I do most sincerely beg their pardon, for I did not want to misrepresent any of them.

J. W. MOORE.

Philipsburg Again.

The Reds of this place got away with the Osceola base ball club badly a few days since. The score: Reds, 20; Osceola, 8. Good boys.

The Haversley Opera Co., which played in Pierce's opera house three nights the latter part of last week and a matinee Saturday afternoon, was pretty well attended, and the performance gave satisfaction to those who "took them in."

The correspondent of Philipsburg to *Breakfast Table* is a "little off" when he says that the new B. C., C. & S. W. R. R. depot is now occupied. The trains still stop at the old place, below Point Lockout.

Miss Sue Lindsay has returned to this city after a week's absence visiting friends in Huntingdon.

A free fight occurred on Front street between a huckster and a butcher the other day. No one seriously injured, however.

There is talk of another colored camp-meeting starting shortly near this city. The A. M. E. church of this place is, we are sorry to say, divided in two congregations. This should not be. If members of churches can't agree while on this foot-stool, how will it be when this life is o'er?

The young men whoare in the habit of going to the Derby Hill camp-meeting for the express purpose of carousing and disturbing those who go there to worship, will show more respect to themselves and parents by staying away altogether.

The mail train on the P. R. R. was over an hour late Saturday evening. The accommodating postmaster, John Gowland, kept the office open, however, and changed the mail, late and all as it was, for which he has the thanks of many.

Rumor now says that we are to have a Chinese laundry at no distant period.

The rain of Saturday night and Sunday morning kept many from attending the camp-meeting.

Central Park has a band stand. See it?—Cor. *Breakfast Table.* No; we fail to see it. It has a beautiful fence around it, however. See it?

Sam. B. Linthirst, who has been visiting friends in this city for a week past, leaves for his home in Philadelphia this morning, where he has a "sit" on the *Price Current.* Sam is a disciple of the *Journal* office, this place.

The festival held last week in the Grand Army hall for the benefit of the Evangelical minister of this place was not so liberally attended as it should have been. If it is continued this week, which we understand it will be, we bespeak for it a good turnout. It is for a good and noble cause.

Barney Coyle, late of the Swan hotel, left for his home, Emporium, today.

Work on the sewers through our town has been abandoned, for the present, at least.

Mrs. Rev. Woodend is still confined to her bed of affliction.

The Ameteur brass band of this city treated our people to some excellent music in the open air on Friday, and Saturday evening. This is as good a band as can be "scared up" in Central Pennsylvania, if we have to say so ourselves.

The old Union church on Presquisle street has been re-roofed, the graveyard thoroughly cleaned out, and everything looks much better around there. This is a good move on the part of those who were the projectors Keep it fixed up now.

Saturday was pay day at several of the mines in this section, and as a consequence considerable money changed hands Saturday night.

Dr. H. Alport is now rusticating at Bedford Springs.

W. L. Bair is visiting relatives and "particular" friends in Reynoldsville, Jefferson county, this week. We hope you are having a good time, "Felix."

Mr. W. H. H. Nevling, of Tyrone, paid our town a business trip Monday. He is a very agreeable gentleman.

Miss Mertie Loraine and Miss Belle St. Clair, of Baltimore, are visiting at the residence of Dr. Loraine, on Presqueisle street.

John Willey's tailor spent most of last week in Altoona.

Dress was in Tyrone Monday. He says it is a pig blace, and "don't you fail to forget it," either.

Mr. Will Laurie and wife are visiting Mr. L's parents in Bellefonte.

Elder Morris, of Altoona, preached at the colored camp-meeting on Derby Hill on Sabbath.

The race on the Park grounds on Monday afternoon between Happeny and McLaughlin was won by Mr. H. He gave Mr. McLaughlin 50 yards start, and beat him over 50 feet. The race was for $200 a side and the distance one mile. It drew quite a crowd to the city, a large number coming from Houtzdale and Brisbin.

The colored camp meeting on Derby Hill closed on Tuesday.

Samuel Linthurst, of Philadelphia, left for his home Tuesday after a week's sojourn with his old and true friends in this city.

Dr. Biglow, is, we are glad to say, recoving rapidly from his recent spell of sickness.

A very heavy rain storm visited this place on Monday eve.

Why parents allow children to remain in the streets till ten and eleven o'clock, we can't understand.

SOME ONE.

—Tuesday night, August 18, betwee 9 and 10 o'clock, a young man named Miller Waite, of Tyrone, a brakeman on the Middle division of the Pennsylvania Railroad, made a narrow escape from having his right hand crushed while in the act of making a coupling in the yards at Harrisburg. Fortunately one of the "bull noses" was higher than the other, allowing Waite to withdraw his hand with only a severe bruise on the back of his hand and two middle fingers slightly cut. The company's resident physician dressed the wound.

—Have you read H. K. Hicks & Bro.'s new advertisement in the REPUBLICAN? It is a daisy, not only in its mechanical appearance, but also in the great offers it makes to all who will patronize that store. Quick sales for cash, at small profits, is the rule. See it on the 5th page.

Sales Register.

There will be a sale of farm stock and implements and a large variety of household goods, china and glassware at the residence of D. S. Erb, at Erbtown, two miles west of Pine Grove Mills, on Thursday, October 8, at 10 o'clock a. m. See bills for particulars.

Messrs. Alexander Harpster and Samuel Goss, executors, will sell 360 acres of farm land in Ferguson township, on Thursday, September 24. One hundred and sixty acres of this are cleared. It can be divided in parts to suit the purchaser. Those who want to purchase good land should consult the large bills which are posted up. The sale will take place on the premises in Ferguson township, near Pennsylvania Furnace, at 1 o'clock p. m. on said day.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, August 26, 1885

Red Wheat (old), per bushel	$ 95
Red Wheat (new), " "	85
Mixed Wheat (old)	90
Mixed Wheat (new)	80
Buckwheat	50
Rye per bushel	60
Corn (shelled)	50
Oats	30
Cloverseed, fair to good	$4 25
do prime to extra prime	4 75
do choice	5 25
Flour, retail, per barrel	5 40
Flour, wholesale	4 50

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$12 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	8 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6 00@8 00

Provision Market.

Corrected by Valentines Store Co., "Limited."

Apples, dried, per pound	8
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	12
Beans per quart	8
Fresh butter per pound	15
Chickens per piece	25
Cheese per pound	12 to 15
Country hams per pound	13
Hams, sugar cured	14
Break fast Bacon	12½
Country Bacon	10
Lard per pound	10
Eggs per doz	12½
Potatoes (new), per bushel	75
Dried beef	20
Canned Beef per pound	25
Canned tomatoes per can	10—12½—15
Canned corn "	10—12½—40
Lemons per doz	40
Dried sweet corn per pound	07

Miscellaneous.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y. 17 17 1y

GEN GRANT! Wanted AGENTS to sell the "Life and Deeds of Gen. U. S. Grant." The best, cheapest, and most popular book published. Write for terms and secure territory at once. Address GLOBE BIBLE PUBLISHING CO., 706 Chestnut St., Philada. 17 34 3t

Items from Stormstown.

STORMSTOWN, Aug. 22, 1885.

The peach crop is a failure in this locality. The apple crop will be a fair one. Farly apples are selling at 25 cents and 30 cents per bushel.

The Friends will hold their yearly meeting at their church near Way's mill on the first Sunday in September, and a large crowd is expected.

D. M. Cowher, of the Juniata Mines, having rented the mill property at Colerain Forges, Huntingdon Co., will hereafter deal out the staff of life to the people of that vicinity in first-class style, as he is an excellent miller.

Mr. H. Milbourn, foreman at the mines, was stepping around this morning feeling very large, all on account of a ten-pound boy baby, which his wife presented to him. The mother and child are doing very well.

Another new steam thresher has been started in our valley under the firm name of Beck, VanTrise & Co. The name of it is the Empire steam thresher and we are sure it does good work and gives general satisfaction. Success to you, boys.

The Juniata Mines have been on a stand still for a day or two, because a boiler needed repairs. The repairs were made by Keeler & Co., of Williamsport, and the works are progressing again.

Our neighbor, Scotia, has again resumed operations, much to the joy of the many idle men who depend upon it for a living.

Joseph Eves has his new residence about completed. He will soon move into it and retire from the business troubles of this world.

Mr. Will Jenkins, one of your fellow townsmen and a thorough machinist, paid us a visit last week. Come again, Will; you are always welcome. COB.

—The Electric Light Company of Bellefonte can smile serenely when its members read this, which we take from the *Philipsburg Journal*: "Bellefonte has every reason to feel proud of her well-lighted streets. Her people have something to boast of and to gaze upon in admiration. The thoroughfares are brilliant from one end to the other with a continual ray of light which rivals the sun at noon time. During a sojourn in that heartsome town over Friday night, we couldn't help comparing the place to our own dark passages."

—The number of distinguished guests in Bellefonte does not diminish. We notice that among the recent arrivals are Mrs. A. Wilson Norris and Mrs. Wistar Morris, of Philadelphia, who are visiting at the residence of E. M. Blanchard, Esq., where Mr. and Mrs. I. S. Hendrickson and daughter, of Middletown, N. J., are also guests. Mr. and Mrs. Joseph D. Thomas, of Middletown, are visiting at the home of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Thomas, on Allegheny St.

—Among our numerous very welcome visitors this week have been Mr. Isaac Underwood, of Poe Mills this county; Mr. Geo. W. Miles, of Martha, brother of John Q. Miles; John Wolf, of Potter's Mills; and D. S. Erb, of Erbtown, two miles west of Pine Grove Mills. The last-mentioned gentleman expects to move to Wisconsin soon. We hope, however, that he will finally decide to remain in old Centre.

—Mr. James Mitchell, of Spring street, who has been ill with rheumatism for several years, is so much better this summer that he is able to circulate around among his friends quite extensively. Sunday, the 21st, he was able to attend church for the first time in four years, and as he was always a regular church attendant when well, the event was quite a notable one to him.

—We are awful glad to learn from one of our exchanges that plowing is being pushed forward by the farmers. We very much afraid it was going to be pushed backward this year.—*Altoona Times*. Don't be afraid of that "Forward" will always be the plowman's motto. But wouldn't it make you awfully sorry if some one who has put his hand to the plow should look back?

—A rare bird—a pure white swallow—was seen circling around the island in Spring creek on Tuesday afternoon. Its flight was even more graceful and regular than that of the ordinary swallow and people looked at it with interest.

—There will be a special meeting of Gregg Post on Saturday evening, at 7½ o'clock. The object is to make arrangements for the annual meeting of the Centre County Veteran Association.

JAS. H. RANKIN, Adjutant.

—We are informed that the injunctions to restrain the Pennsylvania Railroad Company from obtaining control of the Beech Creek R. R. has been granted.

—The Logan Hose Company entertainment at the Rink Friday evening was enjoyable and we hope it was financially successful.

H. K. Hicks & Bro., Hardware and Stoves.

A CASH Hardware AND Stove Establishment!

AT LAST WE HAVE IT—The First one that was ever started in Centre County.

Hardware in all its Branches, Stoves, Tinware, Oils, Paints, Glass, &c.,

SOLD FOR CASH ONLY, AND AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES AND CLOSE PROFITS.

It is high time that our Cash Customers knew that in the past they have been paying for the time or credit others have been getting. We propose from this out to treat all alike, which none of our competitors can do who do a combined cash and credit business. We save all the cash discounts by paying cash ourselves and we give our patrons the same advantage. We mean what we say. Try us and see, if you have any doubt of the low prices.

OUR LINE IS TOO LARGE

to enumerate goods and prices, but our establishment has been known for years throughout this and adjoining counties, and the citizens know we always carry the largest stock.

Responsible parties ordering goods by mail, telephone or bearer, will receive them promptly, accompanied with the bill, but with the distinct understanding that the money or check will be sent by return mail.

Call and See Us.

Write for Prices.

The impression seems to be with some that we are closing out our business, but we wish it distinctly understood that such is not the case. We intend to keep a full and complete stock all the time and remain in the Hardware Business in Bellefonte. H. K. HICKS & BRO.

H. K. HICKS & BRO., - - - Bellefonte, Pa.

17 33 1y

The Railroad Question.

The Philadelphia *Times* on Tuesday said: The Attorney General was a very busy man last night, but he found time to say this much while on his way to his office:

"I shall file a bill in equity to-morrow morning to restrain the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, Vanderbilt and all other parties concerned from transferring the South Pennsylvania and Beech Creek Railroads. It will include all hands, and I shall file the bill to-morrow if I can find a Judge, but at all events I shall file the bill as soon as I can find one. The bill will rest principally upon article seventeen of the new Constitution which relates to corporations, which, of course, will be elaborated upon. Still it tells the whole story, although there are some incidental constitutional questions which will be brought in. I am going to do this as the law officer of the State, so that it cannot be said that action was taken by any interested parties. There is the Constitution, and I propose to have the question determined finally whether a great railroad is simply a private corporation or is an institution for the public good—a common carrier. It is a matter which will affect not only Pennsylvania but all other States and is the most serious subject which has been brought forward for a generation. Of course I understand that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will say that they derived their charter from the State prior to the adoption of the new Constitution and that they are therefore exempt from its provisions. But I am going to make the courts settle it once and for all."

A meeting of the Board of Directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad was held yesterday afternoon at the company's office. All members out of town were hastily summoned to attend and special trains were sent over the road to bring them to the meeting, which was called to anticipate, if possible, all legal steps that the anti-transfer parties of the Beech Creek and South Pennsylvania Railroads might inaugurate to prevent the consummation of the deal. The meeting was long and the situation was thoroughly discussed by those present. The proper parties were instructed to take all necessary steps to protect the interests of the Pennsylvania Company and to insure the carrying out of the deal according to the original programme.

A prominent officer of the Pennsylvania Company stated that the company would find a way to circumvent any measures that the anti-transfer party might take to prevent the sale of the Beech Creek or South Pennsylvania and that the situation was fully understood at the time the bar gain was made in New York. At that time a way was suggested by which all legal obstructions could be circumvented. The present attitude of the anti-transfer party was fully anticipated and the Pennsylvania is now prepared to fight its way through the courts.

—The Stone Valley Academy at McAlevy's Fort, elicits the attention of the readers of the REPUBLICAN, a supplement advertising it and giving a quantity of educational literature appearing in this issue. The school seems to be well suited for those who desire a liberal education at extremely reasonable rates. We call the attention of those who want to prepare themselves as teachers to it. It matters not whether they teach in advanced or primary schools, a thorough education will best equip them for their duties, and this can be obtained at the Stone Valley Academy.

SPECIAL MENTION.

—Eighty guests spent Monday night at the Garman House.

Fall and winter WOOLENS just received. LEAVE YOUR ORDER NOW AND SAVE MONEY. MONTGOMERY & Co., Tailors.

—A large bush covered with brilliant blossoms ornaments the yard of Mr. J. V. Thomas' residence. It is known as the "Rose of Sharon" and eclipses any floral specimen we know of just now in Bellefonte.

—See the Colt's Lightning Gun at Deschner's Great Central Gun Works. There is no firearm like it in this section. Those who want a first-class gun should examine this instrument.

In the matter of froth: They were at Coney Island, overlooking the sea. She (referring to the ocean)—"Is not the sparkling foam beautiful?" He (referring to the beer)—"Too much of it."

Hay Fever Specific.

I found it a specific for Hay Fever For ten years I have been a grea sufferer from August 9th till frost Ely's Cream Balm is the only preventive I have ever found.—Frank B. Ainsworth, of F. B. Ainsworth & Co., Publishers, Indianapolis, Ind.

As to leaving an impression: 'I say, Bobby," whispered Featherly, "did your sister say anything about me after I left last night?" "Yes, she said something to ma, but it was in French." "In French? And what did your ma say?" "She didn't say anything. She jest histed her shoulders and laughed."

The Clangor of an Alarm Bell

Close by, in the stillness of the night, could scarcely startle the ordinary individual more than do trifling noises the nervous invalid. But once the nerves are braced and the system invigorated with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, this abnormal sensitiveness is succeeded by a tranquillity not to be disturbed by trivial causes. Impaired digestion is a fertile cause of nerve weakness and unnatural mental gloom, and a vigorous renewal of the action of the stomach is one of the surest means of invigorating and quieting the nerves. Insomnia, or sleeplessness, a form of nervous disease, is unquestionably benefited by sedatives, when it is prolonged, or of frequent occurrence, but its permanent removal is more effectually achieved with the Bitters. This medicine is also signally efficacious for malaria, rheumatism, constipation, liver complaint, and torpidity of the kidneys and bladder.

New Advertisements.

EXECUTORS' SALE.

Will be sold at public auction on the premises in Ferguson township, about one and a half miles from Rock Spring, near Pennsylvania Furnace, on

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1885.

Commencing at 1 o'clock p. m., the following described REAL ESTATE, consisting of

340 Acres of Good Farm Land,

More or less, 160 of which are cleared, the balance covered with a good growth of Chestnut and Oak Timber, bounded and described as follows: North and east by lands of Shorb, Stewart & Co., south by lands of C. Miller, and west by lands of —— Ellenberger. There is on the farm a good TWO-STORY HOUSE, containing ten rooms; a good Bank Barn and all other necessary outbuildings. There is a good well of water near the house, and a nice orchard on the place. The Lewisburg, Centre and Spruce Creek Railroad passes through one side of the place. The land is all underlaid with a bed of good Iron Ore.

The farm of 160 acres will be sold, if the purchaser so desires, together with as much of the timber land, more or less, as may be wanted or will be otherwise divided to suit buyers, or sold all together. In case the farm is divided and all of the timber is not wanted the balance will be sold in lots to suit. For further particulars address the undersigned.

Terms made known on day of sale.

ALEXANDER HARPSTER, SAMUEL GOSS, } *Executors.*

17 24ts

FOR DEITZ FRUIT EVAPORATOR AND 1000 BUS. SEED WHEAT 1885

Send early 10 cents for 4 HEADS OF DEITZ' NEW WONDERFUL EARLY HARDY AND PROLIFIC WHEATS. AGENTS WANTED. 17 34 6t G. A. DEITZ, Chambersburg, Pa.

Marble Works.

S. A. STOVER,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

Marble and Granite Monuments, Tombstones, BURIAL VAULTS, Etc. Hundreds of Designs to select from.



Tubular, Galvanized & Wrought Iron FENCING for Cemetery Lots. Agent for Enameled and Marbelized SLATE MANTELS, FINE GRATES, FURNITURE TOPS, Etc.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS OFFERED FOR THE YEAR 1885.
ALL WORK GUARANTEED TO GIVE SATISFACTION.
16-28tf PRICES LOWER THAN IN LARGE CITIES.

Miscellaneous.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of Joseph Swinehart, deceased.

Letters testamentary upon the estate of Joseph Swinehart, late of Harris township, deceased, having been granted the undersigned, all persons indebted will call and make immediate payment, and those having claims will present the same, duly authenticated, for settlement.

DAVID KELLER, Executor
Bealsburg, Pa. 17 33 6t

What it Does.

You are not old, yet your hair is getting gray. Your friends remark it, your wife regrets it. Parker's Hair Balsam will stop this waste, save your hair and restore the original gloss and color. Exceptionally clean, prevents dandruff, a perfect dressing. 17 31 4t

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL THE

Life of U. S. GRANT.

An elegant octavo volume of 716 pages—80 illustrations. Price $2.00. This work gives a full account of GRANT'S eventful life, including his military career, his life as President, and his renowned Trip Around the World. Every admirer of the NATION'S HERO will want the best selling Life of Grant. Send 50 cents at once for outfit. PARK PUB. CO. Hartford, Conn. 17 34 4t

THE FARMER'S FAVORITE

Grain Drill.

"The Favorite," with either the "Wizard" or the Marks Fertilizer attachment, possesses more special features than any other in the world. We have a car-load of thirty drills coming to Bellefonte, and we ask every farmer who wants a

Fertilizer Drill

to call at the CUMMINGS HOUSE (E. Brown's place) and see this new drill.

We have ratchet in the wheels like a mower, and both wheels are drivers.

We stand ahead of all competitors. Write us for prices.

J. S. WAITE & CO.,
State College, Centre Co., Pa.
17 32 4t

I. C. A.

In Come All

TO BUY THE CHEAPEST AND BEST

Buggies, Carriages,

PLATFORM SPRING WAGONS,

PHAETONS, HEAVY WAGONS,

SLEIGHS, &c.

Buy direct from the manufacturer and thus secure the advantage of first prices, and of getting a superior article

All Work Guaranteed to be Done in

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS STYLE.

Repairing done on Short Notice and at Reasonable Rates.

L. A. POTTORF,

Successor to J. R. BARTRUFF.

Water St., Near Big Spring, Bellefonte, Pa.
17 10 1y

Miscellaneous.

A. V. SMITH,

(Successor to Harry Teats & Co.)

GROCER,

61 High Street,

OPPOSITE BUSH HOUSE

BELLEFONTE, PA.
16 13tf

CHRISTIE'S

School of Business,

Kreamer's Commercial Building,

CORNER MAIN AND MILL STREETS,

LOCK HAVEN, PA.

This institution is devoted to the specialty of imparting business knowledge, and to qualifying the young and middle aged of both sexes by new and practical methods for the responsible duties of business life. Rates moderate. Advantages superior. For particulars address

S. N. CHRISTIE, Principal.
16-21f

C. O. D.

This is generally accepted to mean "Collect on Delivery," but in this instance it means

Call On Deschner

AT THE

Great Central Gun Works,

Water St., BELLEFONTE, PA.,

If you want to find a stock of

Guns, Revolvers, Ammunition, Fishing Tackle, Nets and Sporting Articles Generally.

GUNS AND FIREARMS REPAIRED.

SHOOTING GALLERY OPEN DAY AND EVENING. 17 10 1y

Groceries and Provisions.

SECHLER & CO

GROCERIES

66 and 68 High Street,

Bush House Block, Bellefonte, Pa.

FINE ALL-SUGAR SYRUPS at 40c and 50c. per gallon.
NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES, made by the old process, pure goods, 80c. per gallon.
A STRICTLY FINE MILD CHEESE at 12½c. per pound.
A GOOD SOUTH CAROLINA RICE at 5c, per pound.
NEW FRENCH PRUNES at 10c. per pound.
NEW TURKEY PRUNES at 8c per pound.
LEMONS, ORANGES, BANANAS, PINE APPLES, DATES, RAISINS, FIGS, all fine goods at lowest prices.
ALL THE LEADING BRANDS OF SOAP by the box and at retail.
CALIFORNIA CANNED FRUITS, 35c., three cans for $1.
TOMATO KETCHUP, quart bottles. 15c.
VANILLA BEANS at 5c., 10c., and 15c, a piece

ALL THE

Home Brands of Flour,

and a very fine Flour made at Toledo, O.

GROUND ALUM SALT, 200 lbs. bags, $1.
FINE SALT, 280 lbs. barrels, at $1.75.

We have just purchased a line of excellent

TEAS

—IN—

IMPERIAL, YOUNG HYSON, GUNPOWDER OOLONG, JAPAN AND MIXED.

They are equal to anything heretofore sold for $1. We are selling them at 80c. They are worth more than we get for them.

DANDY CIGARS!!

2 for 5c. Beats everything.

SECHLER & CO.

PROVISIONS,

66 and 68 High Street,

Bush House Block, Bellefonte, Pa.

FINE MILD SUGAR CURED HAMS, nicely trimmed and fine flavored, 14c. per lb.
BREAKFAST BACON, nice sweet goods, at 12½c. per lb.
BONELESS BREAKFAST BACON at 14c. per pound.
ROULETTE HAMS, sugar-cured, at 12½c.
SHOULDERS, sugar cured, at 10c per pound.
DRIED BEEF, sugar cured, at 18c. per pound.
ARMOUR & CO.'S and FAIRBANKS & CO.'S CORNED and ROAST BEEF, in 2-pound cans, 30c.
ARMOUR & CO.'S CHIPPED DRESSED BEEF in 1-pound cans, 25c.
FRESH COLUMBIA RIVER SALMON, 15c. and and 20c. a can.
NEW MACKEREL—
12 lb. Kits, 75c., $1, $1 25, $1 50.
40 lb., quarter barrel, $1 75, $2 75, $3 75, $5 00
80 lb., half barrel, $3 50, $5 50, $7 25, $11 00.

Our mackerel this year are the most satisfactory goods we have ever sold. They are

ALL NEW, BRIGHT, FAT FISH.

BONELESS CODFISH, nice goods, at 8c. per pound.

SECHLER & CO.

FRESH MEATS,

66 and 68 High Street,

Bush House Block, Bellefonte, Pa.

Schedule of prices made by us on Monday May 4, 1885.

BOILING MEATS	8 and 10c.
RUMP ROASTS	10 and 12½c.
CHUCK STEAKS & ROASTS	12½c.
ROUND STEAKS	15c.
STANDING RIB ROASTS	18c.
LOIN STEAKS	18c.

SUNDRIES!

CORN BROOMS,
WASH TUBS,
RUBBERS,
BRUSHES.

THE CURRY PAIL, 2 hoops, 20c., 3 hoops, 25c. The best pails now made.

Some Attractive Novelties in

GLASSWARE.

D. M. Ferry & Co.'s and Hiram Sibley & Co.'s New

SEEDS for 1885.

PICKELS

1 for 10c

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

A Maniac in their Bedchamber.

OXFORD, Pa., Aug. 20.—Robert H. Hodgson, a well-to-do farmer residing near here, has two grown-up daughters who live with the family. Last night at about midnight Wm. Pearce, a lunatic living near by, escaped from his keeper, and went to the Hodgson mansion. He climbed upon the portico, and entered the bedchamber of the young ladies through an open window. The girls were sleeping soundly at the time. Pearce seized one of them by the arms and dragged her to the floor. She gave a loud scream, and in a moment her sister, who was lying in the same room, awoke and shrieked loudly for help. Mr. Hodgson, who occupied an adjoining room, heard the cries of his daughters, and hastened to their assistance. The maniac, however, bolted the door on the inside, and for a time prevented his entering. Mr. Hodgson quickly forced open the door and entered the room. No sooner had he done so than the madman sprang at him like a tiger, and a terrible struggle ensued. The terror-stricken girls in the mean time escaped through the hallway into the street and gave the alarm. The neighbors quickly responded, and after a severe struggle the insane man was securely bound. Mr. Hodgson was severely cut and bruised in the encounter, and when rescued was about being pitched out of a second-story window. Pearce was taken to the asylum to-day.

Dying of Hydrophobia.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 20.—Mr. Philip Lamon died here, to-day, of hydrophobia. About the middle of July Mr. M. Lamon, while in his back yard, was bitten by a bulldog he owned, and which he was tying up, the animal tearing him badly about the body and legs. He got control of the animal, and went to the doctor's to have his wounds dressed. In his absence his father came into the yard near the dog, and was still more horribly bitten by it. The wounds healed, and they thought nothing more of the affair until Monday night, when the elder Lamon felt pains in the body. On Tuesday night the disease assumed the severest form of hydrophobia, and he believed himself pursued by mules and dogs, and was quite violent. This morning he died quietly. The son, although bitten by the same dog and at the same time as the father, nursed him through all his sickness and showed no signs of the disease.

Severe Storm.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 21.—Despatches to the *Press* from various sections of the State report that the severest hail and lightning and wind storms known for years passed over to-day. At Danville hail stones an inch and a half in diameter fell, and lightning struck the house of the Montour Iron and Steel Co., causing some damage and rendering an old lady insensible.

At Catawissa fruit and other crops were greatly damaged by hail and at Milton the corn and tobacco were considerably injured, the storm being the heaviest known since 1874. At Shenandoah and other points in the vicinity the storm was very severe, hail covering the ground in many places to the depth of three inches

Accident to a Campmeeting Party.

READING, Pa., Aug. 19.—While a party of four were returning home from a campmeeting this evening their horse scared and ran down a hill and over a high embankment, upsetting the carriage and throwing the occupants in different directions, Jacob Group, aged 75 years, a miller near Morgantown, was picked up insensible and it is feared will die. Mrs. C. Group, aged 72 years, his wife, had her arm terribly lacerated and is hurt internally. Alice Shirk, their grandchild, aged 7 years, had her leg broken near the ankle, and Minnie Shirk, her sister, aged 9 years, her arm dislocated.

Insane about Mince Pies.

CHICAGO, Aug. 21.—In Judge Prendergast's court yesterday five persons were declared to be insane. One of these was Fred. T. Stern, a neatly dressed man of delicate appearance, 35 years of age, who has been afflicted with brain troubles for more than a year. His delusion is that Oak Park, where he resides, should be supplied with a special brand of mince pies, George and Henry Thielmen, brokers, 22 and 19 years of age, respectively, have become mental wrecks through excessive use of tobacco.

A Shocking Railroad Accident.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 21.—Frank N. Hunt, paying teller at the Eutaw Savings Bank, met with a terrible accident on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, at Hollowfield station, this morning. He had been living in the country near Hollowfield all summer, coming to the city every morning by train. This morning while the train was in motion, he attempted to board it, when he fell under the wheels. His right leg was completely severed and rolled along the track for a distance of several feet. Mr. Hunt being in delicate health, he will scarcely survive the terrible mishap.

Dr Farrar to Lecture in America.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—Mr. Cyrus W. Field this morning received a cable dispatch from the Rev. Dr. Farrar, archdeacon of Westminister, in which that prelate consents to deliver three lectures in New York, the time and place to be named later. Dr. Farrar will arrive in this country in the course of a few weeks.

Judge Agnew's Opinion of the Railroad Transfer.

We copy the opinion of Judge Agnew relating to the proposed transfer of the South Pennsylvania railroad to the Pennsylvania. It applies with equal propriety to the Beech Creek railroad. Coming from such eminent legal authority, it must be considered almost conclusive:

To the Editor of The Press.

SIR: The subject of the "purchase" of the South Pennsylvania Railroad by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company is one of intense interest to a large part of this State. I am a pretty large stock-holder in the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and have not a cent of interest in the South Pennsylvania, and, notwithstanding, I am decidedly of opinion the so-called "purchase" (be its form what it may) is a high-handed wrong upon the people. Further, I think, unless our courts of justice be extremely weak, any arrangement by which the South Pennsylvania Railroad is purchased or destroyed will be pronounced illegal and *ultra vires*.

With a view to set in motion public thought, I ask the use of your columns. This your justice will grant, though Philadelphia may be opposed.

How will the Pennsylvania Railroad Company obtain control of the South Pennsylvania? Not by *purchase;* for the latter, being a "parallel," will be a competing route. The question of parallelism, or competing line, is one to be decided by a *jury*, not by a court. Not by controlling the stock, and not through the direction. All these are forbidden by the Constitution, Section 4, Article 17. I quote:

No railroad, canal or other corporation, or the lessees, purchasers or *managers* of any railroad or canal corporation *shall consolidate* the stock, *property or franchises* of such corporation with, or lease, *or purchase the works or franchises of, or in any way control* any other railroad or canal corporation owning or having under its control a *parallel or competing line;* nor shall *any officer* of such railroad or canal corporation *act as an officer* of any other railroad or canal corporation owning or having the control of a parallel or competing line; and the *question* whether railroads or canals are *parallel or competing* lines shall, when demanded by the parties complainant *be decided by a jury* as in other civil issues.

Thus it is evident that there is no possible way in which the Pennsylvania Railroad Company can "control" the South Pennsylvania.

It may be said the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will not appear in the transaction, but act through others. But this is a clear fraud on the Constitution, and a Court of Equity will and must inquire, and compel disclosure of the facts. When disclosure is made the Court *must* declare the evasion illegal and void. The treaty between the Pennsylvania and New York roads is notorious and will compel inquiry, and there are creditors and stock-holders to set the proceeding in motion.

Again, it may be said that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, not having accepted the new Constitution, may purchase control under laws existing before the adoption of the Constitution. This is a mistake. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company is bound by the terms of the new Constitution, just as every citizen or person in the State is, unless it be in a right distinctly conferred *by its own charter*. Against the State it can set up only a *contract* right preserved by its own charter. All laws repugnant to the terms of the new Constitution were abrogated by its adoption, as to every corporation which cannot set out a charter provision to save the power conferred by the repugnant law. Additionally by express terms the police power of the State is preserved in all its length and breadth. See Section 3, Article 16.

Besides these, the entire policy of the State is opposed to such a purchase or control of a *competing* route. View together the following provisions of the Constitution:

Sec. 1, Art. 17. All railroads and canals shall be *public* highways and the companies *common* carriers.

Sec. 3, Art. 17. *Equal* rights in transportation of persons and property are commanded and undue or unreasonable *discrimination* forbidden.

Sec. 7, Art. 17. Abatements, drawbacks and other discrimination and preferences in furnishing cars and motive power are all forbidden.

Sec. 8, Art. 17. Free passes and passes at a discount are forbidden.

Sec. Art. 16. No corporation can engage in business other *than that expressly authorized by its charter*, nor can it purchase real estate except for its legitimate business.

Sec. 3, Art. 16. The General Assembly cannot be prevented from taking the property or franchises of corporations *for* public use the same as the property of individuals.

Sec. 2, Art, 16. The General Assembly cannot remit the forfeiture of the charter of existing corporations; January 1, 1874.

Sec, 10, Art. 16. The power to alter, revoke and annual injurious charters is fully reserved.

These provisions taken together make transparent the intention of the people to hold corporations in subjection to state power, and abolish all devices whereby the public interest may be injured by corporate action. In full view of this clear intent no impartial judge dare, by indirection or otherwise, support the attempt of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to monopolize the carrying power of the State by purchase, control or any other means of a competing road or route. The South Pennsylvania route is one of infinite importance to the public interest at large, and to the Southern and Western part of the State in particular. These portions of the State are entitled to the *competition* which the protection and policy of the State affords. In no form, therefore, can a competing road destroy its utility.

Dissolution of the South Pennsylvania corporation will produce this result. Let us see how it works.

In the case of Lemman vs. Lebanon Valley Railroad Company, B. Casey, the chief trustee, said that a private corporation (and a railroad company is such) may abandon its charter and dissolve itself exciept so far as its creditors may have the right to object and so far as its public duties as conservators of a highway may tend to limit its powers in this respect. A majority of the stock-holders may dissolve the corporation even against a dissenting minority. And we may concede that the South Pennsylvania being an unfinished railroad, the power to abandon and dissolve is clearer. But while this is true, it is an undoubted truth that the assets of a dissolved corporation are a trust fund for creditors and stock-holders. Herein the minority have rights which the majority cannot divest; consequently equity will take and hold the trust fund and distribute it. As the means of doing this the Court must decree conversion. This brings the property to sale—public sale—subject to competition, wherein the highest bidder becomes the purchaser; and he must either finish the road or by abandonment suffer the real estate to revert to the owners from whom it was taken. This is undoubted railroad law. The only exception was when the State herself built her roads. She chose by law to take a fee simple.

But suppose the Pennsylvania Railroad Company becomes the purchaser. She cannot finish and operate the road, for this is contrary to the prohibition of the State and to her policy, and is also *ultra vires*. Clearly, two parallel competing roads under the same management will not be tolerated. It would be a clear evasion of the Constitution.

A purchase by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company for the purpose of *abandonment* would be quite as clearly illegal. This would be a direct attack upon competition, and, as an act outside of its own charter, would be as clearly *ultra vires*. In such a proceeding, too, its own stock-holders could intervene, and surely there is as much stock afloat in the market and as much honesty and public spirit as would sustain the intervention.

Upon the whole, the attempt of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to smother or control, in its own interest, this rival route, is clearly against the public interest, and is full of danger to itself. DANIEL AGNEW.

Arm Blown off by a Cannon.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., Aug. 19.—While in the act of charging a cannon at a picnic here this evening, John Gilfillan, a man aged 26 years, had his right arm blown off and received other injuries that will probably result in his death. He was in the act of ramming the charge back into the cannon, when it was prematurely discharged. The ramrod tore his arm and shoulder away. There was a large crowd of boys and young men around the cannon at the time of the accident, but Gilfillan was the only one hurt.

Eloped with a Horse Trainer.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Aug. 20.—Miss Anna McKeen, the eldest daughter of W. R. McKeen, president of the Vandalia Railroad, eloped to-day with her father's horse trainer, a young man, named V. L. Shulder, better known among his horse friends as "Tiny" Shulder. Miss McKeen is about twenty-five years old. Shulder is about thirty and is distantly related to the McKeens. A handsome personal appearance is not one of Shuler's attractions. Miss McKeen's hand had been sought by a number of society young men, who were refused.

A Fatal Collision.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., August 19.—This afternoon, while cars were ascending and descending the inclined railroad at this city, some loaded cars broke loose and came into collision with a car in which were Layton Oakford, president of the road, Thomas Peacock, Amos Mitchell, Joseph Hall, and a man named Thoman, killing the four first named and seriously injuring Thoman.

Southern Antidote for Malaria.

It should be generally known that Simmons Liver Regulator is relied upon to secure to the people immunity from all malarial disorders. That this medicine does what is claimed for it is proved by its popularity, and any one who has lived in the South three years has no doubt seen its curative effects and the protection it gives against the return of this weakening and dangerous malady.

"The Joneses are the worst neighbors I ever saw," remarked a man. "I lived near them 2 years, and found them to be splendid neighbors," replied a friend. "That so? Why, I have lived near them a whole year and not one of them has been in my house." "Yes, that why I said they were good neighbors. They never came to see me."

His Slippery Glass Eye.

"The Squire," says the author of the "Hoosier Schoolmaster," "wore one glass eye and a wig. The glass eye was constantly slipping out of focus, and the wig turning around sidewise on his head whenever he addressed the people of the Flat Creek District." Sad spectacle. Parker's Hair Balsam preserves and promotes the growth of the natural hair. It also restores the natural color to hair which has faded or become gray. Clean, elegant, beneficial, highly perfumed.

To comprehend the intensity of the recent heat it is only necessary to reflect that a base ball player is among those who have been overcome by it. A season that gets a young man's mind off base ball long enough to make him understand that he is too warm is always a scorcher.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS.

At the Cave.

The party that went to Penn Cave on Friday included the following young ladies and gentlemen: Misses Caldwell and Gray, of Tyrone; Miss Lloyd, of Philipsburg; Miss Ivens, of Lock Haven; Misses Stella Armor, Jennie Pontius, Lula Harper, and Emma Montgomery, of Bellefonte; Will Brew, Irwin Speer, Jerome Harper, Harry Jenkins, Harry Bush, Frank Lukenbach and George Bayard.

They stopped on top of Nittany mountain to indulge in a few games of croquet. They had plenty of choice refreshments and feasted on them for both dinner and supper. It's a wonder that the man who rowed them through the cave didn't upset the boat and give them a ducking, as they contrived to run into all the rocks and get lodged in all the narrow places they could find. The excursion was a pleasant one and they are perfectly willing to go again in the near future.

—The loveliest fruit in Bellefonte is probably being cultivated by Dr. A. Hibler in his yard on Allegheny street. When Mr. John Wagner, the most expert judge of such things in Bellefonte, saw the Doctor's grapes the other day, he at once gave up the idea that those which he sells can surpass the Doctor's. Indeed, he believes the Doctor's grapes are even as fine as the big pictures of grape vines which he has for sale Some pears which are maturing in the Doctor's garden are also beauties and make the mouth water just to look at them. It is unnecessary to add that the Doctor has put another barbed wire on top of his fence and has been feeding his bloodhound on nothing but rare meat for two weeks.

—An accident occurred on Thursday afternoon, which while quite frightful, fortunately did not result injuriously to anyone. Mrs. Griffith, a sister of the late Mordecai Waddle, was riding in a buggy in company with her nephew, Mr. Mordecai Williams, when the horse frightened at a point along the pike not far from Mr. Williams' house. The fright was probably caused by a tramp with pack on his back. The animal plunged into the creek, carrying the buggy and its contents along. Mrs. Griffith struck on a rock and Mr. Williams plunged into the water. They were bruised, but quite, marvelous to relate, their injuries are not at all serious.

—Robert Taylor, a boy living in this place, met with an accident on Saturday while employed at the mine bank on the Jacksonville road. His left foot was run over by one of the truck cars used at the mine, injuring it so severely that it was necessary to amputate the great toe, which was done Dr. H. K. Hoy.

—Mr. Wm. Harter, of Aaronsburg, died very suddenly and peacefully, while sitting in his chair on Sunday morning, the 16th. He was 75 years of age. He had often said that when his time came to die he hoped his death would be sudden, and so it proved. He was the father of twelve children, all of whom are living.

—Hon. Daniel J. Morrell died at Johnstown on Thursday morning at 8 o'clock. He was 64 years of age. During his life he was prominent in political and business affairs of Pennsylvania, at one time representing his district in Congress.

TO KEEP THE BLOOD PURE and the bowels well regulated, be careful of your diet; do not use rum or tobacco, and take occasional doses of VINEGAR BITTERS. Perfect health must follow such a course. The range of diseases that can be relieved by the use of VINEGAR BITTERS is literally without limit.

The production of lead in Germany has doubled since 1868, in spite of a simultaneous increase in the production of Spain and in the growth of the lead yield of North America from almost nothing to 140,000 tons.

Port Grape Wine for the Sick.

We can confidently recommend Speer's Port Grape Wine, which was awarded the highest premium at the World's Fair a superior article of wine for the sick and debilitated.

The vineyards and cellars are at Passaic, New Jersey, near New York City. Medical Review. For sale by druggists.

In 1680 a liar was legally punished by having a hole bored through his tongue. If this were the custom now a lawyer's tongue would resemble a porous plaster.

Clipped from *Canada Presbyterian*, under signature of C. Blackett Robinson, Propr.: I was cured of oft recurring bilious headaches by Burdock Blood Bitters.

A scarcity of pennies in the West goes to show that the business men of New York are really in earnest and intend building a monument to General Grant.

CURE FOR CROUP.—Use Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil according to directions. It is the best remedy for all sudden attacks of colds, pain and inflammation, and injuries.

Liver, Kidney or Stomach Troubles.—Symptoms: Impure blood, costive bowels, irregular appetite, sour belching, pains in side, back and heart, yellow urine, burning when urinating, clay-colored stools, bad breath, no desire for work, chills, fevers, irritability, whitish tongue, dry cough, dizzy head, with dull pain in back part, loss of memory, foggy sight. For these troubles "SWAYNE'S PILLS" are a sure cure. Box, (30 pills), by mail, 25 cts., 5 for $1. Address, DR. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by Druggists.

Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Consumption.—All Throat, Breast, and Lung Affections cured by the old-established "SWAYNE'S WILD-CHERRY." The first dose gives relief, and a cure speedily follows. 25 cts., or $1.00, at Druggists.

London Hair Restorer—Great English Toilet Article. Restores growth, color, gloss, and softness. Removes Dandruff. Aristocratic families of Great Britain endorse it. Elegant dressing. Fragrantly perfumed. The favorite of fashion. At Druggists for 3s 1½d, or 75 cts. n U. S. money.

Miscellaneous.

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DEALERS IN
Hardware and Stoves,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
A First-Class Tin Shop in connection with the Establishment.

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Now, ladies, send in your order.

Our facilities for doing work are unsurpassed. The best of skilled workmen, the latest improved presses, the largest and most varied assortment of type, both plain and ornamental, give us the means to execute ALL WORK with neatness and dispatch.

When you want your next job done give us a trial. Office in No 69 High street [near depot.]

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Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table April 6, 1885.

WESTWARD	Exp A.M	Mail P.M
Leave Lock Haven	4 45	4 05
Flemington	4 48	4 09
Mill Hall	4 52	4 12
Beech Creek	5 01	4 25
Eagleville	5 04	4 33
Howard	5 13	4 45
Mount Eagle	5 18	4 53
Curtin	5 22	4 58
Milesburg	5 30	5 07
Bellefonte	5 40	5 29
Milesburg	5 50	5 35
Snow Shoe Int	5 58	5 38
Unionville	6 02	5 49
Julian	6 12	6 01
Martha	6 22	6 12
Port Matilda	6 29	6 21
Hannah	6 37	6 30
Fowler	6 39	6 33
Dix	6 42	6 34
Bald Eagle	6 49	6 49
Vail	6 53	6 46
Arrive at Tyrone	7 05	7 09
EASTWARD	P.M.	A.M
Leave Tyrone	7 30	8 19
East Tyrone	7 37	8 17
Vail	7 40	8 20
Bald Eagle	7 45	8 25
Dix	7 50	8 30
Fowler	7 54	8 32
Hannah	7 57	8 36
Port Matilda	8 05	8 43
Martha	8 13	8 51
Julian	8 23	8 59
Unionville	8 33	9 10
Snow Shoe Int	8 42	9 18
Milesburg	8 45	9 22
Bellefonte	8 55	9 32
Milesburg	9 05	9 47
Curtin	9 15	9 58
Mount Eagle	9 19	10 02
Howard	9 26	10 09
Eagleville	9 36	10 19
Beech Creek	9 40	10 24
Mill Hall	9 52	10 36
Flemington	9 55	10 40
Arrive at Lock Haven	10 00	10 45

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after April 6, 1885.

Leaves Bellefonte 9.45 a m., arrives at Snow Shoe 10.20 a m

Leaves Snow Shoe 4.40 p m., arrives at Bellefonte 5.51 p m

S S BLAIR, General Sup't

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table, April 6 1885.

WESTWARD.

	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed A. M.
Leave Scotia	12 15	5 06
Fairbrook	12 40	5 29
Penn's Furnace	1 05	5 46
Hostler	1 15	5 50
Marengo	1 25	5 55
Loveville f	1 30	6 00
Furnace Road	1 35	6 10
Warriors Mark	1 55	6 26
Pennington	2 12	6 40
Weston Mill f	2 25	6 50
L. and T. Junc	2 31	6 55
Tyrone	2 35	6 58

EASTWARD.

	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed A. M.
Leave Tyrone	4 30	9 26
L. & T. Junc	4 34	9 25
Weston Mill	4 40	9 33
Pennington	4 55	9 45
Warriors Mark	5 05	9 58
Furnace Road	5 20	10 12
Loveville	5 26	10 16
Marengo	5 30	10 22
Hostler	5 40	10 35
Penn's Furnace	5 50	10 44
Fairbrook	6 05	11 08
Scotia	6 25	11 30

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Monday, April 6, 1885:

WESTWARD.

ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia	11 20 p m
" "	Harrisburg	3 30 a m
" "	Williamsport	7 25 a m
" "	Jersey Shore	7 57 a m
" "	Lock Haven	8 25 a m
" "	Renovo	9 35 a m
" arr at	Erie	6 00 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves	Philadelphia	7 40 a m
" "	Harrisburg	11 25 a m
" arr. at	Williamsport	2 35 p m
" "	Lock Haven	3 35 p m
" "	Renovo	5 05 p m
" "	Kane	9 25 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		5 20 p m
FAST LINE leaves	Philadelphia	11 50 a m
"	Harrisburg	3 57 p m
	Williamsport	7 20 p m
" arr at	Lock Haven	8 10 p m
" "	Renovo	9 15 p m
SUNDAY MAIL leaves	Phil'a	4 30 a m
" " "	Harrisburg	7 40 a m
" " "	W'm'sp't A	10 40 a m
" " "	Lock Haven	11 33 a m
" " arr. at	Renovo	12 30 p m

EASTWARD.

Sea Shore EXPRESS leaves	L. Haven	7 00 a m
" " "	Jer'y S're	7 29 a m
" " "	W m'sp't	8 10 a m
" " arr. at	Harrisb'g	11 30 a m
" " "	Phila'phia	3 15 p m
DAY EXP. leaves	Kane	5 45 a m
" "	Renovo	9 50 a m
" "	Lock Haven	10 55 a m
" "	Williamsport	12 15 p m
" arr at	Harrisburg	3 25 p m
" "	Philadelphia	6 50 a m
ERIE MAIL leaves	Erie	2 20 p m
" "	Renovo	10 40 p m
" "	Lock Haven	11 45 p m
" "	Williamsport	1 00 a m
" arr at	Harrisburg	4 20 a m
" "	Philadelphia	8 25 a m
WMP'T AC'N leaves	Williamsport	3 40 p m
" arrives at	Harrisb'g	10 25 p m
" "	Philadelphia	4 25 a m

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R.R.; at Corry with B. P. & W. R. R.; at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R.R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R.R.

ROBERT NEILSON, Gen'l Supt.

Miscellaneous.

DRS. J. N. & J. B. HOBENSACK, No. 206 Second st., Above Race, Philadelphia. For 40 years have been engaged in the treatment of Secret Diseases as regular practitioners. READ OUR NEW BOOK, "MYSTERY," etc. Sent to any address on receipt of ten cents. Useful information to the afflicted.

Office hours from 8 a. m. to 2 p. m., and from 6 to 9 p. m. Consultations by mail strictly private and confidential. Office closed Sunday.

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$200,000 in presents given away. Send us 5 cents postage, and by mail you will get *free* a package of goods of large value, that will start you in work that will at once bring you in money faster than anything else in America. All about the $200,000 in presents with each box. Agents wanted everywhere, of either sex, of all ages, for all the time, or spare time only, to work for us at their own homes. Fortunes for all workers absolutely assured. Don't delay. H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. jan1 1y

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ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—Lovely weather.

—Is the clock on the Court House to be lighted with electricity?

—Mrs. Ed. Garman went to Philipsburg Friday morning to visit friends.

—Forty-five cases have been returned for the Quarter Sessions court this week.

—Immense crowds surged in and out the Kirmes fair grounds Wednesday evening.

—Apparatus for steam heat is being put in Mr. Cook's residence on Allegheny street.

—There will be an excursion from Centre Hall to Snow Shoe on the 3d of September.

—Mrs. J. H. Sands made several of the German costumes worn at the Kirmes festival.

—The German Kirmes ended on Wednesday evening. The receipts were about $225.

—Mr. Bayard is constructing a new pavement on Spring street near the public school property.

—The new station building at Lemont is much admired and is considered far superior to the one in Bellefonte.

—Those burlesque skaters failed to appear at the Rink Friday night, mistaking the date of their engagement.

—Mr. Will Laurie, of Philipsburg, arrived last Thursday and is a guest at the residence of his father, Rev. Wm. Laurie.

—It is said that Hard Harris, while riding on a bicycle Friday morning in Garman's store, fell from it, tearing his trousers frightfully.

—The court house fence has been painted green, which is pretty enough; and the posts are black, which we think, adds to the effect.

—John N. Shuck, the man who shot himself while at work in the Altoona car shops a few days ago, died on Wednesday morning.

—Mr. Will Speer capped the climax Wednesday evening by eating 25 saucers of Kirmes ice cream and an equal number of slices of cake.

—A man and two boys were seen stealing fruit from Mrs. Montgomery's yard on Allegheny St. on Friday afternoon. They hurried away when detected.

—The Cummings House on Bishop street is a decidedly aristocratic hotel numbering among its guests the most prominent ministers and attorneys of the town.

—A letter in the post office is addressed "Prof. D. L. Down, 19 East 14th Street, Home School Principal of Culture." It awaits more explicit directions.

—Mrs. Hayes, wife of Robert Hayes, of Snow Shoe, died on Thursday, of erysipelas. She was about 23 years of age. The funeral occured on Friday.

—Repairs are being made to the porch in front of the Garman House. This is quite necessary as the large number of guests at the hotel soon wear out the porch floor.

—The Huntingdon county Democratic convention, on Wednesday, elected John S. Miller, Amon W. Swoope and Nicholas Isenberg representative delegates to the State convention.

—Up in Altoona a subscriber of the *Tribune* remitted a $1,000 check to that paper in payment for subscription. It would be very pleasant to have a few such subscribers for the REPUBLICAN.

—Mr. Wilson Poorman, who lives about 110 miles from St. Louis, is visiting his friends in this section. Thirteen years have elapsed since he has been here. He will remain until September 1.

—An Everett hen which disappeared last spring and was long ago given up as lost, rejoiced the heart of her owner on Sunday last by returning home with eleven fine young chickens following her.

—That new crossing made from the corner of High street to the railroad is first-class in every particular. Street Commissioner Shaughensey superintended the operation and takes considerable pride in his achievement.

—"Four-o'clocks" are not rare flowers, but nevertheless, when arranged in a long, massive bed extending the distance of several rods, as is the case in Mrs. James Mitchell's yard on Spring street, the effect of such an array of bright blossoms is quite striking.

—Mr. James Schofield is taking lessons in horsemanship. He was mounted on a beautiful dappie horse on Thursday and rode from his harness shop to Bishop street and back again. He made the entire distance without being thrown once and cut quite a striking figure, a gaping, amazed crowd watching every movement of the steed and its rider.

BELLEFONTE PROTESTS

Against the Proposed Transfer of the B. C., C. & S. W. R. R. to Overgrown Pennsylvania—Resolutions and Speeches.

Five hundred citizens assembled in the Court House yard on Thursday evening. Col. D. S. Keller called them to order and nominated Gen. Jas. A. Beaver president. He was elected and the organization completed on motion of C. M. Bower, Esq., by choosing the following vice-presidents and secretaries:

Vice Presidents—E. H. Carr, Milesburg; Jno. M. Wagner, Boggs twp; Hon. Jno. A. Woodward, Howard; D. J. Meyer, Potter twp; Moses Thompson, College; Robt Valentine, Bellefonte, N. W; Adolph Loeb, Bellefonte, S. W; W. V. Emery, Bellefonte W. W; A. Walters, Millheim; A. S. Valentine, Spring twp; Hon. B. F. Hunter, Benner twp; L. W. Kimport, Harris twp.

Secretaries—Joe. W. Furey, of the *Watchman*; Geo. P. Bible, of the Centre *Democrat*; N. S. Bailey, of the REPUBLICAN and *Daily News*.

A committee of three was appointed by the President to draft resolutions expressive of the sentiments of the meeting in regard to the proposed transfer of the B. C., C. & S. W. R. R. to the Pennsylvania. While the committee was absent, Gen. Beaver addressed the meeting as follows:

The transportation of person and property from one point to another has become so essential to personal comfort and to success in business, that whatever touches the freedom of such transportation, touches popular rights and awakens popular protest. We are met this evening in answer to a modest little hand-bill circulated throughout our town and its vicinity calling upon all citizens who deem it important to the business interests of the community, that the Beech Creek, Clearfield & South-western Railroad retain its present connection with the Reading system, to meet in public meeting in this place at this time.

It is well known that the railroad referred to in the circular which invites us to meet here, is now operated under a traffic contract with what is known as the Reading System of Railroads in Pennsylvania, which is one of the few competitors for public trade and traffic of our great and growing system of railroads known as the Pennsylvania system. It is also well known to our people that an effort has been and is now being made to form a connection with the Beech Creek, Clearfield & Southwestern Railroad by a line of road running from Pine Grove on our southern border to Beech Creek in Clinton County just opposite our north-eastern border, which road with its branches would be about 50 miles long, and would traverse for, at least, half that distance a region which has no railroad facilities of any kind, and whose mineral and agricultural resources would be largely developed by its construction. If the Beech Creek, Clearfield & Southwestern Railroad should pass out of the control of its present management and into the control of the Pennsylvania system, as public rumor asserts it is likely to do, there would be little use in the construction of this new line of railroad through our county, and the probabilities are that it would not be built; at least not in such a way as to give us a competitor for our railroad traffic.

We come together to-night I trust, as business men, looking at our business interests in a business way, ready and willing to express our sentiments upon a great public question in a calm and dispassionate and at the same time, in a firm and decided way. It is not necessary to heap abuse upon any corporation or the men who manage it; it is not necessary to inveigh against corporate power and corporate greed. No good can be accomplished by this mode of discussion. We stand face to face with a great absorbing public problem, one which must be considered and discussed, and finally acted upon by the people in some one of their several aggregate capacities, which reaches far beyond the immediate subject before us to-night, and involves not only public welfare and our individual interests, but the maintenance of rights already granted, and the consideration of privileges to be granted to corporations by the the people in the future. In the discussion of such a subject in which we are interested in some measure on both sides, we need to guard against prejudice and the extremes of feeling, and by calm discussion and temperate action determine the proper course to be pursued, then follow it without swerving to a final conclusion. The object for which this meeting has been called as I understand it, embraces but a single phase of this great subject and relates to a single transaction. Two questions present themselves to my mind as involved in the proposed transfer of this new system of railroads to the older and better established system which seeks to absorb it. One is, would such a transfer be legal, and the other is, if technically legal, would it not be an invasion of popular rights, such as should be resented by every legitimate means within the power of the people?

In 1873, by a popular majority of 144,150, the people of this Commonwealth declared that "No railroad, canal or other corporation, or the lessees, purchasers or managers of any railroad or canal corporation shall consolidate the stock, property or franchises of such corporation with, nor lease or purchase the works or franchises, or in any way control any other railroad or canal corporation owning or having under its control a parallel or competing line; nor shall any of the officers of any such railroad or canal corporation act as an officer of any other railroad or canal corporation owning or having control of a parallel or competing line; and the question whether railroads or canals are parallel or competing lines, shall, when demanded by a party complainant, be decided by a jury as in other civil issues."

This Section of Article 17, of our Revised Constitution, was adopted in its final passage by the Constitutional Convention chosen by the people to reform our Constitution by a vote of 76 yeas to 11 nays. And it is safe to say that if that section of the Constitution had been submitted singly to the people of this Commonwealth for adoption or rejection, nine-tenths of all the voters of the Commonwealth would have voted in favor of its adoption. There has been no popular deliverance upon this subject since the vote upon the adoption of our new constitution, and it is safe, therefore, to assume that our people are in favor now of what they declared themselves to be in favor of when they voted upon that question in the fall of 1873. Many questions have arisen since the organization of our present railroad system which were not anticipated or forseen at the time of the inception of the system. This question of competing lines is one of them; the importance of it not having been appreciated by the former generation, because they had no knowledge of the possibility of a monopoly of the carrying trade in the hands of private corporations. When our turnpikes were built, they were free to all who chose to travel upon them and paid their tolls. When our canals were built, they were free to the boats of every individual who chose to transport his goods upon his own boats, or to transport the goods of his neighbors for a consideration in case they paid the legal rate of toll. Our railroads introduced a new system of transportation and made the general system which had been in vogue prior to their construction impracticable. It is manifestly impossible for two competing common carriers to use the same line of railroad. The only means by which the people can secure competion in railroad transportation, therefore, is by parallel or practically parallel lines of road controlled by different and competing interests. This was demonstrated within the first twenty years after the building of our first line of railroad through Pennsylvania. Upon the first opportunity the people of the State declared in favor of the maintainance when established of such competing lines, and against their consolidation or merger directly or indirectly. For the first time in the history of our community, we have come within sight of an opportunity to be served by such competitors for public traffic and public favor. The questions for us to determine to-night are, first, do we stand by the provision which was incorporated in our Constitution of 1873, above recited, and secondly, will we insist by voice, vote and influence in compelling our public servants, legislators and executive to carry out the said provision in its true intent and spirit? If we are so determined, and if our fellow-cizens throughout Pennsylvania show a like determination with us, there can be no doubt that the Beech Creek, Clearfield & Southwestern Railroad will remain as it is, an independent line competing for trade and traffic with our other transportation companies. I have not the time to-night to discuss as they should be discussed the two questions, which, as I have stated, underlie this proposition. I believe that the contemplated transfer and merger of the Beech Creek road would be both illegal and subversive of the rights of the people. Whatever may be said as to the superiority of any corporation to our present Constitution, it is certain that the transfer of any road incorporated since the adoption of our present Constitution to another company by which its independence and competing power would be destroyed ought to and would forfeit its franchises, so that the people would have the right to confer them upon a corporation which would carry out the provisions of the Constitution in their true intent and meaning. It is in my judgment undoubtedly the duty of the Executive to interfere in such an emergency by all the legal power at his command to prevent such a transfer; and in case it were consummated, to have it declared null and void. In case this were declared impossible or impracticable, then it becomes the duty of the people in their sovereign capacity to take hold of the question, and by the election of legislators and executive who will obey their will, pass and execute such laws as will compel obedience to the plain mandate of the Constitution. All citizens are alike interested in this question. Our railroad companies are also interested in it. They cannot afford to disregard popular protest and trample upon popular rights. So far as our immediate surroundings are concerned, if I were a stockholder of the Bald Eagle Valley Railroad, I would prefer as a matter of business that the contemplated road from Pine Grove to Beech Creek should be built. It would undoubtedly send two tons of freight over the Bald Eagle Railroad for every ton which would be diverted from it. The great iron region which it develops would send its raw materials and its manufactured product in very large measure over the Bald Eagle and Pennsylvania systems, and trade instead of being restrained would be largely increased to the mutual advantage of both railroads. While this may not be true to the same extent of the Beech Creek road, it is nevertheless true that the region through which it passes will develop a vast amount of traffic sufficient to make the road a paying investment without touching an acre of coal land previously reached by the Pennsylvania system. Be this as it may, however, in the present arrangement what we have the right to demand is parallel and competing lines. We now have practically parallel and competing lines. No jury could be empanneled in Pennsylvania who would fail to find this as a substantive fact. If this be true, we have a right to have them continued so. And as I understand the object of this meeting, we are met to demand that this right be respected. There is but one sentiment upon this subject so far as I know in our community, and it is meet that this sentiment should have form and expression. What is your pleasure in regard to the further conduct of the meeting?

The committee on resolutions reported through J. L. Spangler, Esq., as follows:

WHEREAS, Within the last three years a railroad company has been incorporated under the laws of this commonwealth called "The Beech Creek, Clearfield and Southwestern Railroad Company," which company is constructing and now operating a railroad from Jersey Shore in the county of Lycoming to Gazzam in the county of Clearfield, which road passes through the counties of Clinton and Centre, and forms a parallel and competing line of railroad with railroads previously constructed, owned or operated by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, by reason of which this and adjoining counties are receiving the benefits and advantages of competition in freight and passenger transportation; and

WHEREAS, we are informed by well authenticated rumor that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company is negotiating to acquire a majority of the stock of the said Beech Creek, Clearfield and Southwestern Railroad Company in order to control its management and operation, thereby practically consolidating it with the Pennsylvania railroad system, and thereby destroying the competition which now exists between the said Beech Creek, Clearfield and Southwestern Railroad and the railroads owned or leased and operated by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company; and

WHEREAS, Section 4 of Article 17 of the Constitution of Pennsylvania prohibits any railroad company from purchasing, leasing or in any manner acquiring control of any other railroad company owning or having under its control a parallel or competing line; and

WHEREAS, The Constitution of Pennsylvania is the supreme law of this Commonwealth and all public officers, whether belonging to the legislative, executive or judicial departments of our State government, are required to take an oath to "support, obey and defend" the Constitution, including all its provisions; therefore,

Resolved, First, That we, the citizens of Centre county, in mass-meeting assembled, protest against the proposed acquisition of the Beech Creek, Clearfield and Southwestern Railroad as being in violation of the provisions of the Constitution and subversive of public rights and interests.

Second, That we call upon the chief executive of the Commonwealth and all the public officers to use all the power vested in them by the Constitution and laws of this State to prevent the consolidation of the Beech Creek, Clearfield and South western Railroad with the Pennsylvania Railroad system and thereby prevent an open and flagrant violation of the Constitution and irreparable injury to the business interests of this section of the State.

Third, That we hereby pledge our influence and votes in favor of those who will honestly and in good faith attempt to carry into effect the provisions of the Constitution of this State regulating and controling railroad companies and other carrying corporations.

Mr. James McClain moved the adoption of the resolutions, seconded by T. P. Rynder, of Milesburg. They were discussed by Judge Orvis in a speech full of strong points of which we took notes and may produce in a future issue; and also by J. L. Spangler, Esq., Aaron Williams, Esq., T. I. Rynder, State chairman of People's party, ex-Senator C. T. Alexander, D. F. Fortney, Esq., and Col. D. S. Keller. The resolutions were unanimously adopted and the following petition signed by hundreds of citizens:

BELLEFONTE, August 20, 1885.

To Hon. Robert E. Pattison, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

The undersigned citizens of Centre Co. having assembled in mass meeting and passed resolutions expressive of our views in regard to the proposed transfer or merger of the Beech Creek, Clearfield and Southwestern Railroad to and with the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, beg leave to transmit herewith the resolutions adopted at our meeting and to petition your Excellency to use all the powers with which the Constitution and the laws of Pennsylvania invest you to prevent said transfer, or if consummated to have it declared null and void.

We have the honor to be with high regard

Your obedient servants—

Then the meeting, which, as was remarked, resembled one of the great gatherings held during the Rebellion when enlistments were called for, adjourned. Such meetings should be held in every community and the Governor and Attorney General assured of the support of the people.

The Sons of Veterans' Convention.

The fifth annual convention of the Sons of Veterans, Pennsylvania Division, which met in this place Tuesday, Aug. 18, was called to order in the hall of Camp No. 12. The object was to transact business relative to the good of the order. The convention was presided over by Col. C. J. Farne. A goodly number of delegates answered to their names. The election of officers for the ensuing year resulted in choice of the following: For colonel, Harry M. Russel, of Philadelphia; lieutenant colonel, W. Rinker, of Camp No. 6; major, Samuel Gualt, of Camp No. 12; chaplain, J. L. Griffin, of Camp No. 34; sergeant, G. M. Kennedy, of Camp No. 12.

Council of trustees—Charles Emmige, of Camp No. 1; Brother Glassey, of Camp No. 9; Wm. Koles, of Camp 30; Walter Bayard, Camp 12; W. P. Farne, Camp 24.

Delegate at large—T. E. Schmieth, Camp 2.

Alternate to national convention—W. H. Woolf, Camp 9.

Delegates to the national encampment—W. H. Holmes, Camp 24; Capt. Moulthred, Camp 33; J. P. Keys, Camp 16.

Alternates to the national encampment—W. S. Cury, Camp 2; Captain Hounith, Camp 1; A. Sayers, 32.

The concluding exercise was the installment of the newly-elected officers, and speeches by the retiring colonel, C. J. Farne, and by the newly-elected colonel, Harry M. Russel.

—Herman Jones, a colored lad of Curwensville, aged about 5 years, was suddenly killed by accident by George Patterson, on Thursday afternoon of last week. Mr. Patterson had been cleaning his revolver when it was accidentally discharged with the result above narrated. He was arrested, but after a hearing discharged.

—There are numerous floral bouquets in the big spring. They are tied to strings with stone weights attached to hold them in position. Retaining their perpetual freshness and beauty, they add to the attractiveness of that pretty bit of water.

—"What sort of a camp-meeting is that?" interrogated a country woman who passed along Spring street near the public school ground on Wednesday and saw the tents of the Kirmes fair pitched in that enclosure.

—The residence of Patrick O'Connell, Renovo, was partially destroyed by fire on Tuesday afternoon. It is said a considerably sum of money belonging to Mr. O'Connell was reduced to ashes.

Music.

There is nothing which has greater power and influence over people of the present day than music. It is employed by agencies of both good and evil and its power is used in each direction. We are reminded of its influence by the sweet strains of music which come floating from the rooms of the Y. M. C. A. every Wednesday evening. As the Wednesdays come and go these strains seem to be growing sweeter, and there are always a dozen or more persons standing on the opposite side of the street listening to them.

—A silver dollar weighs very nearly an ounce. Hence any letter not heavier than the dollar can go for a single two cent stamp. This is easily remembered. If you want to be more exact take a silver dollar and a silver five cent piece and you have an ounce almost to a feather's weight. Provided you haven't the silver dollar handy use two halves, or if you have nickles only, five of them and a small copper cent will give you nearly the exact ounce. As ninety-nine letters will fall within the ounce weight, this simple system of weighing will serve for general use. It is the result of some tests made by Chief Clerk Woodhouse, of the New York post-office.

—Mr. Strickland and Mr. Sam Ryan labored under the impression that a big trout was lingering some place in the vicinity of the water works house Thursday morning and went to work to bring him from the water. Sam lighted a candle and crawling down under the building tried to coax the fish to swim into his hands. Even when he returned to the surface again and declared he didn't see the trout, Mr. Strickland insisted that the fish was still there. How their search resulted we are not informed.

—A reward of $500 is offered for the arrest and conviction of the parties who tied Foreman Kreps to the track near Granville, Mifflin county, on Friday night, Aug. 14, with intent to kill him, and a similar reward is offered for the arrest and conviction of the men who entered a house at Duncansville a few nights ago, and shot one of the inmates. A description of the latter parties is now posted in the Bellefonte post office.

Miscellaneous.

Spring Without Blossoms.

Late in Life to Look for Joy—Yet Never too Late to Mend.

Readers of Hawthorne's "House of Seven Gables" will recall the pathos with which poor Clifford Pyncheon, who had been unjustly imprisoned since his early manhood, said, after his release: "My life is gone, and where is my happiness? Oh! give me my happiness." but that could be done only in part, as gleams of warm sunshine occasionally fall across the gloom of a New England autumn day.

In a letter to Messrs. Hiscox & Co., Mr. L. H. Titus, of Pennington, N. J., says: "I have suffered untold misery from childhood from chronic disease of the bowels and diarrhœa, accompanied by great pain. I sought relief at the hands of physicians of every school and used every patent and domestic remedy under the sun. I have at last found in **PARKER'S TONIC** a complete specific, preventive and cure. As your invaluable medicine, which did for me what nothing else could do, is entitled to the credit of my getting back my happy days, I cheerfully and gratefully acknowledge the fact."

Mr. E. S. Wells, who needs no introduction to the people of Jersey City, adds: "The testimonial of Mr. Titus is genuine and voluntary; only he does not adequately portray the suffering he has endured for many years. He is my brother-in-law, and I know the case well. He is now perfectly free from his old troubles, and enjoys health and life, ascribing it all to **PARKER'S TONIC.**"

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Bellefonte Republican.
WITH SUPPLEMENT.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

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Local Department.

—Now the troubled sleeper walketh,
And ariseth, all undrest,
To destroy the dread mosquito
That hath broken up his rest.
And the gas he quickly lighteth,
And his pillow siezeth he,
With a full determination
His disturber killed shall be.
And that pillow wild he slingeth,
With an arm both firm and strong,
But his foe its doom eludeth,
And continueth his song.
And to him that one mosquito
Which upon him fain would feast
So ubiquitous appeareth
That it seemeth ten at least.
From the combat he retireth,
All his strength and patience past;
And that stoical mosquito
Feasteth on his blood at last.
—*Boston Saturday Evening Gazette.*

—Mayor Powers is at home again.

—There were 26 wagons in market Tuesday morning.

—The court room was exceedingly hot on Monday.

—A letter in the post office is addressed "Miss Glenna Curtis, Crider's Station, Penn'a."

—The court room is filled with spectators this week and evidently much business is being accomplished.

—During the six days of last week there were 256 visitors at the Y. M C. A. rooms, an average of 43 each day.

—The annual picnic of the Patrons of Husbandry of Centre county will be held on the 17th of September on top of Nittany mountain.

—A bush covered with large white blossoms in Mr. Geo. Valentine's yard is lovely. Each blossom looks like a fleecy, feathery ball of snow.

—Mr. Philip Wirtz, of Houserville, called at the REPUBLICAN office while in Bellefonte Saturday. He is always welcome and we hope he will call again.

—We understand that Rev. Mr. Robinson, of New York, has accepted the invitation to become the rector of the Protestant Episcopal parish in this place.

—Two sheep were run over and killed by the Snow Shoe train on Saturday evening at Snow Shoe Intersection. They were driven under the cars by dogs.

—Messrs. William Lyon and Frank Stover went to Pittsburg Monday. Our readers may expect them to return with some of the finest cattle that can be purchased.

—Mr. Magee, of Lamb street, went off to Harrisburg on Wednesday and will help to nominate a candidate for State Treasurer if that is not done before he gets there.

—A young man from Boalsburg was arrested on Monday and fined $2 for smoking in the court room during court. In default of payment of fine he was committed.

—Mr. Jackson Showers, who is in business with Mr. J. A. Cooke at Vail, was in Bellefonte last Monday, going on the 9:05 train to Snow Shoe where his family have been visiting.

—Mrs. Schrock, of Bishop street, accompanied by her daughter, Miss Nannie Schrock, departed Monday for a trip through Ohio. They will visit friends in Dayton, Ohio, and will also probably go to Cincinnati.

—There's one thing about the new buildings in the burnt district which will be done in a workmanlike manner. That's the painting of the roofs. Mr. Dave Parsons is to do it and when he begins to manipulate the paint brush look out for something fine.

—Mr. George P. Bible and Miss Sallie Bradley will be married on Tuesday, Sept. 1, at 2 o'clock p. m., in the Episcopal church. A reception will be given at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Bradley, the bride's parents, at 3 o'clock p. m.

—The new local board of pension examiners organized with the election of Dr. Geo. R. Harris President and Dr. Seibert secretary and treasurer. Dr. Fisher, of Zion, is the third member of the board. The weekly meetings will be on Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock.

—Some of those photographs in front of J. Finkbinder's gallery are so very natural that one involuntarily stops to look at them. Step into the gallery and dozens of other pictures of equal merit can be seen. Of the excellence of the pictures all can judge for they are of people who are well known and who are seen every day. The individual characteristics of the person seem to be be retained in a wonderful manner in these pictures. If you want a true likeness of yourself in any size or style, visit Mr. Finkbinder.

Notes of August Court.

Court convened on Monday at 10 a. m. with His Honor Judge Furst presiding. Associates Smith and Munson occupied the bench with him, and it must be admitted that we have a very stately and judicial-looking court, the recent improvements to the interior of the Court House probably contributing to this effect.

In the afternoon session the Grand Jury was called and sworn, Mr. Robert Meek being made foreman.

There are present twenty-one Grand Jurors. Proclamation for constables to make returns was made, after which the list of traverse jurors was called and answered to their names. The court has issued certain rules which will be enforced in reference to the seating of jurors, witnesses and audience. No persons will be allowed inside of the bar except those having business connected with the court. The first three rows of seats, immediately to the rear of the bar on the north side of court room, are reserved exclusively for the traverse jurors, and all jurors are required to be present during the sessions of court. The tipstaves are required to keep to keep order, and that the Court means to enforce this rule was demonstrated Monday afternoon in the incident related in the DAILY NEWS of that day. A young man from Boalsburg was smoking in the court room. He was promptly brought before the bar, fined $2 and was handed over to the Sheriff till he had paid the fine. This would seem to indicate that when Judge Furst lays down a rule it must be obeyed.

The case of the Commonwealth against Eliza Walker for keeping a disorderly house was taken up and tried. During the trial of the case the counsel for the defendant took occasion to say to his legal opponent, during his argument, "That is a lie," of which the Court took cognizance. The Court called him up to the bar, spoke very kindly to him and the astonished lawyer promised not to do so again. The verdict of the jury was defendant not guilty, and divided the costs equally between the prosecutor Lawrence Cooney, and the defendant Eliza Walker.

The case of Commonwealth against Hals Walker for assault and battery was next taken up, in which the jury returned a verdict of not guilty, the prosecutor Philip Walker to pay one-half the costs and Hals Walker, the defendant, the other half.

The first case heard was the surety of the peace case in which the complainant was a man named Smith and the defendant James Mann. The difficulty arose from an undue intimacy between Mrs. Smith and Mann which resulted in alleged threats on the part of Mann towards Smith. Mann was sentenced to pay costs and give bail in the sum of $500 for good behavior towards all good citizens, but especially towards Smith.

Commonwealth vs. Emanuel Downing and John F. Downing for assault and battery on John Bean and Mary Bean, his wife, was next tried and only closed this morning. The difficulty arose from the Downings wanting to use a private road through the property of Bean. Verdict not yet returned.

The Grand Jury disposed of the following bills and indictments:

Commonwealth against Charles Mays, larceny. True bill. Defendant pleads guilty.

Same vs. John R. Seiler, and Sherman Seiler, perjury. True bill.

Same vs. John Erb, assault and battery. True bill.

Same vs. Harry Warner, assault and battery. True bill.

Same vs. Wm. Stewart, assault and battery. Defendant pleads guilty. Sentenced, $1 fine and costs of prosecution.

Same vs. Nicholas Redding, larceny. Defendant pleads guilty.

Same vs. John Erb, assault and battery. True bill.

—The tramp who frightened the horse driven by Mr. Williams on Thursday, thus causing the runaway which resulted in throwing Mr. Williams and Mrs. Griffith into the creek, was an unusually despisable specimen of his kind. Since writing the item concerning the accident, which appears elsewhere, we have been told that the tramp was sitting near the side of the road. The pack near him as well as the lighting of a match by the tramp when the horse passed is what frightened the animal, which is usually very gentle. When Mr. Williams was thrown into the creek he kept hold of the lines, and as he was in a helpless condition and the horse was plunging in the water he called to the tramp to hold the horse, which the lazy tramp refused to do until he had first taken off his boots. Such a fellow should be punished.

—Republican voters must register at once. September 4 is the last day to attend to this duty.

Religious Services on Sunday.

In the Lutheran church two sermons were delivered yesterday by Rev. Chas. T. Steck. In the morning he preached from Psalms 42:1—"As the hart panteth after the water brooks, so panteth my soul after thee, O God." His description of the circumstance under which the words were uttered and also of the deer hunt as now conducted were excellent and impressive. In the evening he preached from Romans 13:12—"The night is far spent, the day is at hand: let us, therefore, cast off the works of darkness, and let us put on the armor of light." His application of the words of the text was quite new and seemed to be different from the interpretation generally given by Christians.

The Y. M. C. A. meeting at 4 o'clock was conducted by Rev. Harris Orbison. Forty-three young men were present.

At the morning service in the Presbyterian church Rev. Wm. Laurie preached from 1st Epistle of John 3:16—"Hereby perceive we the love of God, because he laid down His life for us: and we ought to lay down our lives for the brethren." In the evening his discourse was based on 1st. Corinthians 6:19,20—"What! know ye not that your body is the temple of the Holy Ghost which is in you, which ye have of God, and ye are not your own? For ye are bought with a price: therefore, glorify God in your body, and in your spirit, which are God's."

Rev. J. A. Woodcock preached on Sunday morning in the Methodist church at Fillmore a very excellent sermon. His text was "He that believeth on the son of God hath the witness in himself."—I John 5:10. His principal argument to establish the truth of the text was that experience is better than argument.

Rev. M. K. Foster preached in the Methodist church Sunday morning from Revelation 2d chap., latter clause of 10th verse—"Be thou faithful unto death and I will give thee a crown of life."

Rev. J. F. Delong's morning discourse in the Reformed church was on the incident of "Elijah's Flight to Mt. Horeb."

The Late Mordecai Waddle.

Mordecai Waddle, Esq., died at his residence near Boiling Springs, in Spring township, Centre county, on Thursday evening, Aug. 20, 1885. He was a son of Thomas Waddle, who came up with General Philip Benner to Rock Forge place in May, 1793, and was manager there. Thomas Waddle married Hannah (daughter of Gen'l Benner) born at Coventry, Chester county, Oct. 7, 1787. Thomas Waddle died in 1825 and his wife April 13, 1854. Mordecai was born at Rock Works, July 31st, 1812. Gen'l. Benner established the *Centre Democrat* at Bellefonte in December, 1827, to promote the election of Gen'l. Jackson to the Presidency and Mordecai became an apprentice in the office, under William Piatt. Piatt was succeeded by John Bigler, afterwards Governor of California in 1830, and Mordecai remained in the office until John Bigler purchased the paper, Nov. 19, 1831. The paper was printed in a house which stood where ex-Governor Curtin's residence now stands.

Gen. Benner offered to keep the establishment for Mordecai if he would continue in the business, but he declined, and returned to Rock Works in the employ of his grandfather. On the 11th of October Mr. Waddle was elected sheriff of Centre county upon the independent county ticket. He and George Alexander, elected in 1860, were the only sheriffs of Centre county elected over Democratic candidates for that office since the organization of the county. After his term expired he retired to his place in Spring township, where he has resided in very poor health until the day of his death. He was the owner of Upper Rock Works place on which stands Gen. Philip Benner's mansion house in Benner township. He was a very kind hearted man and his death is sincerely mourned by his relatives and personal friends.

An Important Religious Gathering.

On Thursday, September 17, a very important religious gathering will begin in Bellefonte, it being the meeting of the Synod of Pennsylvania. This includes about 250 ministerial and lay delegates, a large portion of whom will doubtless be here. Rev. Dr. Logan, of Scranton, is the moderator, and at the opening meeting, Thursday evening, he will deliver the sermon. Friday morning will begin the business meetings and the Synod will remain in session until the next week. To entertain these visitors will tax the hospitality of our Presbyterian friends.

—Mr. Harry McClellan moved to Munson's Mills on Tuesday. He expects to make his home there in the future.

Departed.

Peter Haines, of Mt. Eagle, died at home July 31st, and was buried Aug. 1st, in the cemetery at Curtin.

Mr. Haines was one of the old citizens of our village, whose years were well and industriously spent. He reared quite a large family, all of which, years since, left the parental roof and now enjoy firesides of their own. Mr. H's illness was long and painful. A constitution of remarkable endurance, it seemed as though it required special effort on the part of disease to bring down the body of fourscore years standing. Mr. H. was a member of the M. E. church for over half a century, and until the weight of years and infirmities of age interfered he was regular and faithful in church duties. His great patience during his painful illess, and the cheer and composure that characterized his life during the months of helplessness showed the strength of his faith in the God he had served so many years. Mr. H. was 87 years of age, had lived in the Bald Eagle Valley between 40 and 50 years, was well and widely known and greatly respected. In his death a good, true and industrious citizen, kind parent and neighbor "fell on sleep."

In the home of long and toilsome years he leaves a devoted wife to mourn his death. A very large company gathered to pay the last honors to this aged citizen, neighbor and friend. Mr. H. was conscious to the last. He faced death with a trustful and cheerful spirit. The outlook was brightened by a firm Christian faith, and a long life of Christian endeavor.

Thus passes away one of the links connecting the present with the eventful years of the first decades of the Nineteenth century. The men who took an active part in developing the resources and life of our beautiful valley during the first years of the century are now but very few in number. May the mantle of their industry, patience and Christian faith and endeavor fall on us of to-day, that we may prove ourselves worthy sons of noble ancestry. O. H.

Obituary.

Joseph Bowers was born in Centre Co., Pa., on Nov. 18th, 1817, and died near Howard on Aug. 12th, 1885, after a protracted sickness of about nine months duration. I became acquainted with the subject of this sketch last April, and after a few visits in which I labored to point him to Christ, I took his confession and baptized him in our loved Bald Eagle creek. From that time to the day of his burial I made many visits to his pleasant home. He was always glad to see me, and we talked together of the comforts and blessings of the Christian religion. Brother Bowers was possessed of a calm, serene, trusting faith, as simple as a child's, he realized his weakness and frailty, and leaned confidingly on the strong arm of the Saviour. He told me a few days before his death, that he did not know what he would do if it were not for the hope of Heaven through Jesus Christ.

He died in the full possession of all his faculties. The last word he uttered was "come," the very word we all want to hear the Saviour say when he comes to make up his jewels.

I preached the funeral discourse in the Church of Christ at Howard, Pa. from I Thess. 4:14, on August 13, 1885, to a good congregation of people.

Our brother leaves a wife and five grown children, to mourn his loss. But they sorrow in hope. They expect to see him again. The community has lost an honored member of society, the Nation a faithful citizen, and the church an excellent member.

FRANK TALMAGE.
HOWARD, Pa., Aug. 22d, 1885.

—For several days the venerable and highly respected Mordecai Waddle, who lived along the pike between this place and Boiling Springs, has been at death's door. His prostrated condition was the result of a lingering illness. He died at his late residence on Thursday evening at 8.50 o'clock. He was about 73 years of age. He has held the office of sheriff of this county and other positions of responsibility and honor The funeral services occurred at his house on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock and the interment was in the Bellefonte cemetery.

—Crime is increasing in this part of the State. On Monday morning at a very early hour the store room occupied by A. Creighton Harris, near Mifflintown, was discovered to be on fire. Mr. Harris at once discovered that the persons who set fire to the store had first stolen $700, all in gold and silver, which he secreted under the counter. They had also taken his horse to enable them to make a speedy escape. The fire burned the store building and two dwelling houses with their entire contents.

—Fresh paint on the Garman House porch.

Personal Pencilings.

Mrs. Constance Brew, of Erie, is visiting friends in this place.

Miss Jennie Haas, of near Milton, is a guest of Miss Minnie Garman.

Rev. Dr. Wilson, of New York City, is visiting relatives in Spring Mills.

Mr. H. C. Brew, of Tyrone, has one of Job's comforters—a boil—between his eyes.

Mr. Jacob Grove, who lives three miles from Centre Hall, expects to move to the West soon.

Rev. Chas. T. Steck has been suffering with a severe cold almost ever since coming to Bellefonte.

Rev. Mr. Hocker and wife, of Steelton, Pa., are guests at the pleasant home of Mr. C. T. Gerberich.

Mr. Rathmell, of Williamsport insurance fame, passed through Bellefonte on Wednesday on his way to Tyrone.

Mr. Will Brachbill is slightly "under the weather"—indeed, for several days he was quite ill—but is now improving.

Ex-Gov. Curtin is recovering quite rapidly from his recent indisposition and we hope he will soon be able to be about again.

We much regret to hear of the illness for several days past of ex-Gov. A. G. Curtin. Hope to learn of his speedy convalescence.

Dr. Shaffner, of Philadelphia, after spending a few weeks at the home of his father-in-law, Mr. J. V. Thomas, in this place, departed on Thursday.

Miss Reily and Miss Seiler, both of Harrisburg, are guests at the elegant home of Mrs. Reuben Valentine in the southwestern suburbs of Bellefonte.

Mr. Jno. Kenyon, of Philipsburg, who is always kind to the widows and orphans, is giving Bellefonte friends the benefit of his society to-day.

Mr. Wm. Dietrick, a representative of the *Gazette and Bulletin*, Williamsport, Pa., and a son of the late Judge Dietrick, is visiting friends in this place.

Mrs. R. M. Magee has been entertaining Miss Caldwell, of Tyrone, and Mrs. Sailor, of New York. We believe the latter lady departed Thursday morning.

Mr. Bradley is improving some of his property at the head of Spring street. The plastered house next to the Brockerhoff property is to be converted into quite a neat dwelling.

Henry Swartz and family departed Saturday for a two weeks visit among friends down the valley, stopping for some time at Lewisburg, Pa. We hope they may have a very enjoyable visit.

Dr. S. U. Harshberger, of Port Matilda, visited Bellefonte on Wednesday. He looked unusually pleasant and, on inquiry, we found that the cause of it was the appearance of an infant boy at his house on Tuesday, the 18th.

Mr. E. T. Tuten, accompanied by his son, E. Chester Tuten, and his step-daughter, Miss Fannie E. Gray, managing editor of the *Daily News*, went to Lemont last Thursday to meet Mrs. E. T. Tuten. They all returned on the 12:50 train.

Rev. Mr. DeLong went to Boalsburg last Thursday to attend a meeting of the board of beneficiaries which convened in that place. It was expected that two candidates for the ministry would appear before the board, both of them from Snyder county.

Miss Carrie Strasburger, of Williamsport, is visiting her friend Miss Fannie Goldsmith, of this place. Miss Strasburger is a sister of the young lady who visited Miss Goldsmith a few weeks ago and is one of a large family of very attractive young ladies.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Montgomery came home on Wednesday from Cape May where they have been spending the past two weeks. Mrs. William L. Hassell, mother of Mrs. Montgomery, and Miss Jennie L. Hassell, Mrs. M's sister, of 1709 Green St., Philadelphia, accompanied them and will be guests at what we have heard named the Hotel d'Rectory.

Mr. Geo. White, recently night watchman at the Bush House, and who went to Norristown the other day to accept another position, has returned, not having found his new duties as congenial as he anticipated. He will resume his position at the Bush House. While we regret his disappointment, we are pleased to have him in Bellefonte again.

We notice Mrs. ex-Gov. Curtin and her accomplished daughter, Miss Kate Curtin, are at home once again, after a year's absence. Mrs. Curtin is a charming, agreeable lady and Bellefonte is unfortunate to be deprived so long of her presence. Miss Kate Curtin will add greatly to the brilliancy of social circles here if she remains during the rest of the summer.

Personal Pencilings.

P. Gray Meek is in Harrisburg.

W. E. Fisher, of Milesburg, called yesterday.

Mrs. Harry Teats has returned from Elm Spring.

—Miss Miller, of Lock Haven, is a guest of Mrs. J. H. Sands.

Witmer Wolf and wife, of Centre Hall, spent Sunday last in Williamsport.

S. F. Lytle, M. D., of Philipsburg, spent a few hours in Bellefonte on Tuesday.

Mr. J. A. Fiedler, of the Williamsport *Sun and Banner*, spent Sunday in Bellefonte.

Miss Jennie Dare, who has been visiting in Lock Haven, returned home on Monday.

Rev. Prof. D. M. Wolf spent Sunday in Bellefonte, attending Lutheran church in the evening.

Mr. H. Byxbe and wife, formerly of this place and now of Youngstown, Ohio, are visiting in Lock Haven.

Mr. Theodore Boak, one of Pine Glenn's enterprising citizens, is transacting business in Bellefonte to-day.

Mr. T. J. Lee, one of Philipsburg's brightest young men and his sister, Miss Sylvia, visited Bellefonte Tuesday.

Mr. John Holmes, of Philadelphia, in company with several young gentlemen friends, spent Monday night in Bellefonte.

Mr. Wilbur Cassidy, son of Robt. A. Cassidy, who has been visiting Col. Geo. A. Bayard's family for some time, went to Tyrone on Tuesday.

Mr. Edmund B. Rankin, son of Jas. H. Rankin, Esq., is to succeed Mr. E. M. Speer as manager of the Western Union Telegraph office in this place.

Mr. Ed. Elder, of Milesburg, started to Altoona Tuesday afternoon with the intention of giving instruction in instrumental music. He is an excellent musician.

Mr. and Mrs. D. G. Bush are at Clifton Springs and George Bush says he is "holding the fort" all alone in the big family residence, assisted by George Jackson, Jr.

We hear with regret that Miss Maggie Shearer, an estimable young lady resident of Eagleville, was severely injured a few days ago by being struck by the windlass of a well. We hope she will recover.

Rev. R. R. Robinson, who has accepted the call to the rectorship of the P. E. church of this place, will not begin his pastoral duties until the middle of September. He has recently been assistant rector of a church in New Brighton, Staten Island.

Mr. Will Gray will leave on Friday for his home in Buffalo Run and a few days later will depart for Albany to attend the Albany Law School. He is a young man of intelligence splendid health and considerable ambition, and is destined to succeed.

Mr. J. G. Heberling, a staunch Republican from Pine Grove Mills, called on Tuesday. He told us that the *Watchman* recently said that it will take five years, at the present rate of progress, for President Cleveland to "turn all the rascals out." "If that is the case," said Mr. Heberling, "Cleveland must expect to run over one year into Mr. Blaine's term, for by that time Mr. Blaine will be at work correcting the rascality which the Democrats are now committing."

—As it is now about the time of the year for pumpkin stories, we will give the following one as told us by a gentleman last Tuesday. He said: Some time ago Mr. Geo. Bayard, while walking through his lot, observed a rather thrifty-looking pumpkin vine and for curiosity (we don't know what else, anyway,) took a barrel from which one end had been removed, and setting it near proceeded to train the vine over it. The vine grew quite rapidly, and now a pumpkin which hung in the barrel has grown so large as to entirely fill it, and this morning Mr. Bayard cut the hoops to admit more room for its wonderful growth. The vine meanwhile has grown across four fifty-foot lots, and supplies four families with its fruit.

—The wheels of justice in Bellefonte have been oiled and run smoothly, and now if there is any oil left we suggest that it be applied to the hinges of the doors leading into the court room. The hinges are so stiff that it requires too much muscle to open the doors, which close with a bang quite distracting to the court.

—In the case of the Commonwealth vs. Emanuel Downing and John F. Downing for assault and battery on John Bean and Mary Bean, a verdict was rendered at noon yesterday. The defendants are acquitted and the costs divided between complainants and defendants.